W. H. PERRY,
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
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Victoria Daily Times.

THE ATTRACTIONS OF
Good Health
Will lead you direct to the P. P. P. P.
C. E. JONES, 36 Gov't St.
ALWAYS OPEN.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1893. NO. 53.

Why?

Are the NEW SEASON'S JACKETS at the "WESTSIDE" worth inspection?

WHY?

BECAUSE they are the Spring Styles for 1893.

BECAUSE they are the patterns of leading Paris and Berlin manufactories.

BECAUSE they are traveler's samples and were bought at maker's prices, saving duty, freight, etc.

BECAUSE they will be sold at a like reduction to clear prior to arrival of regular stock.

BECAUSE they have artistic merit, are correct in style, and only one of a kind.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

We submit the above reasons with some degree of pride and with perfect confidence that no silvery tongued advice is required to effect a sale. The price does all the talking.

FINE CARPETS

Wiltons, Brussels, Velvets, Tapestry.

First Spring Shipment of New Designs and Colorings, direct from John Crossley & Sons, the world renowned manufacturers.

Inspection cordially invited.

CARPETING WEILER BROS
51 to 55 Fort St.

The Provident Savings Life Assurance Society

Issues all the latest and most equitable forms of Insurance offered to the public.

New Business for 1892, - - $19,517,516.00
Insurance in force Dec. 31, 1892, 76,843,241.00

S. H. MATSON. Manager for Province of B. C.
OFFICE: 43½ GOVERNMENT ST.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.

—BANKERS—

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Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

—AGENTS FOR—

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

TROUT LAKE CITY

WEST KOOTENAY, B. C.

THE ABOVE TOWNSITE will be placed on the market shortly. It is situated on the North end of Trout Lake in the famous Lardeau Country, which is going to be one of the richest mining regions in America. Numerous rich claims have been found close to this Townsite, which will make it the distributing point for an immense tract of Country. It is the only level land on the North end of the Lake. The owners intend to expend money on streets and other improvements in the Spring. The trail from Lardeau City, on Arrow Lake, to Kootenay Lake, runs through the Townsite. The first 100 Lots will be sold for $200 for corners, $150 inside.

For further particulars apply to C. E. PERRY & Co., at the Head Office, NELSON, B.C.
HENRY CROFT, Victoria, B. C.

CUBAN FILIBUSTERS.

Several Hundred Desperate Men Will Try to Break the Rule of Spain in Cuba.

Sentence Passed Upon the Homestead Poisoners To-day---Insane Asylum Fire.

Grip Decimating the Arapahoes---A Boarding House Keeper's Queer Capers.

KEY WEST, Fla., March 4.—Another filibustering expedition is to sail from Key West, it is said, against one of the Central American states. It is believed amongst the knowing ones to be destined to liberate Cuba from Spanish rule. The company of filibusters has been gradually augmented at this port until several hundred men, who are well drilled and armed with repeating rifles and have abundant ammunition are ready to embark. The expedition is composed almost exclusively of Cubans.

A small steamer has been purchased or chartered in Philadelphia or Baltimore, and is now en route to Key West, where she is expected to arrive in a few days. She is said to be partially loaded with ammunition, gatling guns, and field artillery sufficient to supply an army for a siege of several months.

The United States Government has already had information of this proposed expedition and means to prevent it sailing from Florida, judging from the precautions taken. The cruiser Atlanta is now lying at the naval wharf and has barely a corporal's guard on board. Nearly her entire crew of 500 bluejackets and marines are on picket duty, lining both the south and north beaches, so that it would be impossible for a boat to land or leave the islands night or day without being seen and challenged. The men and officers are provided with tents, and have them pitched within 500 yards of the beach, and the men seem to enjoy the change. The corvette Kearsarge will anchor at the south of the harbor to watch the approach of mail ships and guard the southwest and southeast channels, at which points she could intercept any vessel entering the harbor. The revenue cutter McLane will patrol the coast from Key West to Cape Florida to intercept the filibusters

The Kearsarge received orders this morning by telegraph to proceed at once to Haytian waters and there take such measures as may be necessary to protect American interests. She will sail to-morrow morning and reach Port au Prince next Wednesday or Thursday. Her target practice both with great guns and small arms has been finished, the latter especially showing very creditable work. Her stay at Hayti and San Domingo is indefinite, as she has been ordered to remain in these waters until further orders. This is the eighth month of the Kearsarge's continuous cruise in the tropics.

Grip Among the Arapahoes.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 4.—The Arapahoe Indians are dying rapidly of the grip at the sub-agency on the Wind river reservation in this state. Another tribe, 25 miles away, on the same reserve, had the epidemic a year ago, but withstood it. There is thin blood in the Arapahoe tribe and almost any sickness will kill them. A dozen have died in a week, and fully 250 are ill. One physician and the priest and sisters of charity at the convent are doing all in their power for them, but cannot stop the disease. Many of the Indians refuse to be treated except by the tribal medicine man. The remedy administered by the Arapahoe doctors is more severe than the grip, and merely aggravates the disease.

Congress Adjourns.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4.—The Senate reassembled at 10:10, the usual hour, and passed a vote of thanks to Vice-President Morton for the impartial and dignified manner in which he had presided over the Senate. Mr. Morton then delivered a farewell address and declared the Senate adjourned sine die.

After an all night session the House reconvened at 10:30 this morning. In a graceful speech Reed of Maine offered the usual resolution of appreciation of the services of the Speaker, and the House adjourned sine die.

To Contractors and Builders.

Tenders for the erection and completion of a two story residence, to be built on a plot of ground on Cadboro Bay Road, between Charles St. and Pemberton St., will be received until March 15th at noon. Plans and specifications to be seen at the office of the Shawnigan Lumber Co., Discovery St. mar4-td

CAME to the premises of the undersigned, corner Discovery and Government Sts., on 2nd inst., a yearling colt. Color bay with white face. If the same is not claimed within ten days from the date of this notice, and all expenses paid, it will be sold at public auction. A. C. Howe. Victoria, B. C., March 4th, 1893

CRIMINAL CIGARETTES.

The Brown Act Reaches Sing Kee—Suit for Libel Against the World.

New Westminster, March 4.—The first case under the minors protection act, 1891, was tried this morning, Sing Kee being convicted on two charges of selling cigarettes to boys under 15. He was fined on each charge.

Improvements to the North Arm road extend four and a half miles beyond the city. Fourteen men are now at work.

Instructions have been given to sue the Vancouver World for libel in stating in a communication that A. Bell & Co.'s World's Fair Guide to British Columbia is a fake.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

Dominion and Provincial Mortality Rate—Mounted Police.

Ottawa, March 4.—Bulletin 15 of the census has been issued. In reference to the causes of death in British Columbia in the previous year, it says 60 died from zymotic, four from constitutional, five from developmental, 87 local, 50 were ill-defined, and 48 not specified, making 254 in all. The total deaths in the Dominion were 67,688. Of these 4,310 died of old age, 23 males and 42 females being over 100 years old.

A portion of Dominion land at Moss Creek, B. C., is reserved from sale and settlement, the purpose being to establish there a reservoir and other works to further the artificial breeding of salmon in the province.

A deputation from the railway mail clerks waited on Caron and Foster yesterday to ask for higher salaries, but they got very little encouragement.

The report of Judge Wetmore as commissioner to investigate the charges against Commissioner Herchmer, of the mounted police, was brought down yesterday. Out of the 137 charges preferred 100 were abandoned or struck out. Fourteen charges were proven in full and 23 in part. Those proven were the outcome of too much zeal on the part of the commissioner, others from mistaking the law, others were due to infirmity of temper, brusqueness of manner or hasty conduct, but they did not affect Mr. Herchmer's honesty, business capacity, or his efficient management of the forces.

Sir John Thompson, answering Hon. Mr. Laurier, said an order-in-council had been passed prohibiting officials of the post office department becoming candidates for municipal honors. He promised to lay a copy on the table.

The annual report of the commissioner of mounted police states that the strength of the force on the 30th of November was 814 officers and men, with 849 horses. The suppression of prairie fires occupies the attention of a large number of the force. In this the police are rendering valuable service to the settlers and ranching interests. The commissioner recommended an increase of pay to the officers and non-commissioned officers. The canteen system had worked most satisfactorily. The Indians generally had been well behaved during the year and had given but very little trouble. The distance travelled by the police horses on patrol during the year exceeded a million and a half miles. Commissioner Herchmer had misgivings as to the ultimate effect of the license system on the half-breeds, who, he fears, may dispose of their land to purchase liquor.

Port Angeles' Appeal.

San Francisco, March 4.—Delegates from the Produce Exchange, Chamber of Commerce and Traffic Association met a committee from the Board of Trade in the rooms of the Board yesterday afternoon and discussed informally a petition signed by a considerable number of business men of Port Angeles. The petition asks that the business community of San Francisco lend their aid toward getting the Pacific Coast Steamship Company to make Port Angeles a port of call where freight will be called for regularly. It seemed to be the general opinion of the conference that the Port Angeles people should be assisted, but on account of the unsettled state of coast transportation and navigation matters, no decided action was taken. It is barely possible that the North American Navigation Company, if its business prospects continue as bright as at present, will give the people of the north a hearing and continue the Pacific line of travel from here to Vancouver.

Business Creeping up Town.

NEW YORK, March 4.—The old mansion of August Belmont, on the Northeast corner of Fifth avenue and 18th street, has been sold to Arnold, Constable & Company, for $650,000. This marks a future encroachment of business upon the old residence section of the avenue, and the old land-mark will probably be torn down or remodelled for business purposes.

Insane Asylum Burned.

WATERTOWN N.Y., March 4.—The state of New York suffered a loss of $175,000 this morning by the burning of No. 3 of the series of buildings which constitute St. Lawrence state hospital for the insane, situated at Point Airy near Ogdensburg. The state had no insurance.

Homestead Poisoner's Sentenced.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 4.—In the criminal court to-day, Judge Stow sentenced the convicted participants in the Homestead poisoning as follows: Dempsey and Beatty, each seven years; Gallagher, five years, and Davidson three years in the penitentiary.

Bayard May Succeed Lincoln.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—A very high authority says it is probable that Thomas Bayard will succeed Robt. T. Lincoln as minister to Great Britain.

The India en Route.

YOKOHAMA, March 3.—The steamship Empress of India sailed for Victoria yesterday afternoon.

$1 Ladies' and Misses' Shoes $1
At Russell & McDonald's.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND.

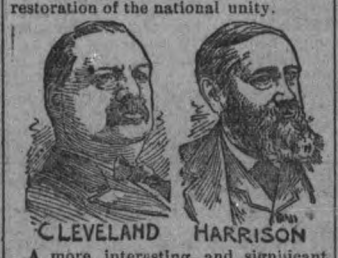
Inauguration of the Great Democrat for His Second Term in Washington To-day.

Immense Turn Out of Spectators, Military, Civil and Other Organizations.

The President in His Speech Takes a Broad and Independent View of Affairs.

WASHINGTON, D.C., March 4.—Grover Cleveland, of New York, thrice nominated for President of the United States and twice elected, was successfully inducted into that high office today for the second term, with all appropriate ceremony, and in presence of a mighty multitude, greater than on his first inauguration. It was more imposing both in the military and civic display. In 1885 there were at the outside not more than 25,000 men in line on the inauguration parade. At least 40,000 men marched along the great avenue to and from the capitol to-day.

The governors of eleven great states: New York, New Jersey, Connecticut Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisana and Wisconsin, participated in the national ceremonies, and thereby emphasized the complete restoration of the national unity.



CLEVELAND HARRISON

A more interesting and significant event than this in the eyes of other nations and of th historian, was manifested in the marvellous growth of the country in population and power, and that this momentous change in the government of nearly sixty millions of people was accomplished according to a cut-and-dried formula every step of which was planned and publicly announced beforehand, and without any noticeable disturbance of public interests or the creation of any excitement, except that naturally accompanying a great national pageant, and the influx of two or three hundred thousand sight-seers at the capital.

The order of proceedings was almost identically the same as that four years ago with the action of the chief participants reversed, and it differed little except in the demonstrations from the ceremonies of eight years ago, which brought Cleveland to Washington (March 2nd, 1885,) for the first time in his public career. The scene along the line of march was such as no city but Washington and no street but broad, well paved Pennsylvania avenue could produce. Public and private stands were erected along the line of march from the Capitol to a point beyond the White House; these had an estimated seating capacity of 60,000, and every one of them was crowded. Every foot of standing room along the route of the procession, fully 10 miles in length, was fully occupied. Windows commanding a view of the parade brought fabulous prices, and advantageous seats on the public stands commanded prices ranging from $5 up. The main stand, from which President Cleveland reviewed the parade, was erected immediately in front of the White House, was 150 feet long and very deep, and had comfortable seating capacity for 1000 persons, 500 more than the corresponding stand erected on the same site for the inauguration of Harrison. It was tastefully decorated.

The central arch was 62 feet high and draped and surmounted by the arms of the United States; on extreme left was the coat-of-arms of New York (Cleveland's state); on the extreme right the coat-of-arms of Illinois (Vice President Stevenson's state) and between were displayed the armorial bearings of the original thirteen states. Above each of these insignia was a banner bearing the name of the state.

Cushioned seats were provided for the President and his cabinet, who surrounded him, and chairs were provided for the diplomatic corps who were arranged immediately behind him. On either side were seats for senators, members of the house of representatives and specially invited guests. The nearest stand to that of the President was assigned to representatives of the press. It had a seating capacity of 200 and the applications to the press committee numbered a little over 2000. The vast treasury building was completely walled in with stands; the principal one extended along the entire front of the building on Pennsylvania avenue, and had a capacity for seating several thousand people. This was an open stand and was intended to be occupied by the department employees and their families, but the position most sought after in connection with the treasury building was a stand on 15th street, which commanded an unobstructed view of the avenue all the way to the capitol.

On all the little parks and public reservations on the line of march, and on every other available point stands were erected. The largest of all extending the entire length of Lafayette Square immediately in front of the White House and the President's stand, and seating 5000 persons. Profiting by past experience and bearing in mind the discomfort occasioned by the wretched weather of former years, nearly all the stands were made both wide and weather proof, thus affording far more pleasant shelter than before. The finishing touches to the decorations were not completed until almost the last moment, but they were effective, though not so varied or artistic as those which New York displayed on the occasion of the Columbian celebration.

The parade of to-day was the greatest in numbers, the most imposing in military and civic display of all previous parades. Gen. Martin McManon of New York, grand marshal, carried out in the organization of the procession the same admirable methods of assembling his forces which made his management of the Columbian parade in New York city last October so successful. He was ably assisted by Adjt. Gen. Col. McCorbin, U.S.A.

The escorting division was composed of artillery, cavalry and infantry of the regular army, drawn from the garrisons of Fortress Monroe, Fort Myer and Fort McHenry; and the marines from the Washington navy yard with the admirably drilled guards of the district of Columbia. The high school cadet regiment and other local organizations assembled in the neighborhood of the White House and the war, state and navy buildings, and formed in columns or sections of twelve each. Promptly at 1:50 they marched down the avenue accompanying the President and party from the White House to the capitol prior to the inauguration.

For more than half the day the city looked like a vast military camp. A detailed and itemized report of the great parade is of course impossible, when a mere enumeration of the various regiments composing the posts and the civic organizations participating, occupies three newspaper columns, but some of the notes and incidents of the parade are here set down at random. The guard of honor of President Cleveland consisted of 100 members of the New York Business Men's Cleveland-Stevenson Association, representing 15 mercantile organizations in the Empire City. The passage of the President along the avenue was one continued ovation of the most enthusiastic kind. The steady tramp of the battalions of regulars under the command of Gen. L. Brook, forming his escort. The suggestive rumble of the gun carriages and the soldierly bearing of the young cadets all helped to keep the enthusiasm alive.

On the extreme left of the front rank of Battery I marched a bronzed and ragged-featured veteran who would have received a share of plaudits on his own account had his history been known. His name was George Martin, and he was the sole survivor of the Custer massacre.

The appearance of 3000 Tammany braves was a revelation to many of the spectators who gazed with amazement on their high silk hats, dark overcoats and fine, showy badges, on which the tiger's head was plainly displayed. They were the best looking body of civilians in the parade. The 2nd, 6th, 15th and 24th districts, which made the best record for the party at the late election, were given the posts of honor. Police Justice Patrick Divvor, broad-shouldered and erect, marched proudly at the head of the Second, and before him was borne the big and handsome new Tammany banner ordered especially for the occasion, and under the weight of which four strong men staggered.

No sooner had silence fallen upon the vast surging multitude than the President stood up and, advancing to the front of the stand, delivered the following inaugural address in a clear, strong voice, which rang distinctly to the outermost waves of the great sea of human faces:—

"My fellow citizens, in obedience to the mandate of my countrymen I am about to dedicate myself to their service under the sanction of a solemn oath. I am deeply moved by the expressions of confidence and personal attachment which has called me to this service. I am sure my gratitude can make no better return than the pledge I now give before God and these witnesses of unreserved and complete devotion to the interests and welfare of those who have honored me.

I deem it fitting on this occasion, while indicating opinions concerning public questions of present importance, to also briefly refer to the existence of certain conditions and tendencies among our people which seem to menace the integrity and usefulness of government. The growth and expansion of our country, the sufficiency of our institutions to stand against rudest shocks of violence, the wonderful thrift of our people and the demonstrated superiority of our free government, it behooves us to constantly watch for every symptom of insidious infirmity that threatens the nation's vigor. A strong man, who in the confidence of sturdy health courts the sternest activities of life and rejoices in the hardships of constant labor, may still have lurking in his vitals an unheeded disease that dooms him to sudden collapse. It cannot be doubted that our stupendous achievements as a people and our country's robust strength have given rise to heedlessness of the laws governing our national health which we can no more evade than humanity can escape the laws of God and nature. Manifestly nothing is more vital to our supremacy as a nation and to the beneficent purposes of our government than a sound, stable currency. Its exposure to degradation should at once arouse to activity the most enlightened statesmanship, and the danger of depreciation in the purchasing power of wages paid to toil should furnish the strongest incentive to prompt and conservative precautions. In dealing with our present embarrassing situation, as related to this subject, we will be wise if we temper confidence and faith in our national strength and resources with the frank concession that even these will not permit us to defy with impunity the inexorable laws

(Continued on page 8.)

Wall Paper, Plate Glass, Paints, Etc. ★ ★ ★

✠ ✠ ✠ ✠ J. W. MELLOR, 76 & 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas.

SENT BACK TO PRESBYTERY.

Synod Refers the McLeod Case to Presbytery for Settlement by that Body.

And Instructs Presbytery to Meet on Tuesday, 31st Inst., and Sift the Matter.

The committee appointed on the Macleod difficulty reported to Synod yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. They had been upwards of two hours sitting on the case, and the verdict presented to Synod was:—"The Synod having heard at great length the parties in the case of the St. Andrew's church, Victoria, hereby remit the case to the Presbytery of Vancouver Island, with Messrs. Logan, McLaren, Scouler, Buchanan and McMillan, ministers; and Messrs. Bethune and McQueen, elders, as assessors."

Mr. Robertson, one of the petitioners, asked if the session would have a voice in the matter.

Moderator Scouler—They may be heard before Presbytery, but cannot sit in judgment.

On motion of Dr. Robertson, the report was adopted by Synod.

Moderator Scouler asked the interested parties if they agreed to the finding. Each side had a consultation among themseves and agreed to the finding. There was some discussion as to what papers should be produced before Presbytery. It was decided that any papers relating to the case might be introduced, and that the counter-petitioners would have the right of reply to written charges. Tuesday, 21st inst., was named as the date of assembling of Presbytery.

TEMPERANCE WORK.

The committee on temperance reported a decrease in the sale of liquor. A general feeling prevailed in favor of a prohibitory law. The report recommended that the temperance question be brought more frequently before congregations.

The report was adopted.

Reports on Presbytery minutes and Sunday schools were also received and adopted.

COMMITTEES APPOINTED.

At the evening session the following standing committees were appointed:

State of Religion—J. C. Herdman, convener; W. R. Ross, J. A. Logan, and A. Fraser, ministers; A. McBride and D. Mathieson, elders.

Sabbath Schools—Dr. Campbell, convener; J. P. Grant, A. Lee, W. G. Mills, ministers; Alex. Shaw and Major Walter, elders.

Sabbath Observance—Chas. Stephen, convener; A. Young, T. Scouler, Thos. H. Rogers, A. B. Winchester and James McQueen.

Temperance—J. K. Wright, convener; J. M. McLeod, C. McKillop, D. A. McRae, ministers; J. C. Brown, M.P.P., and R. Erskine, elders.

Foreign Missions—P. McF. Macleod, convener; Dr. Campbell, D. G. McQueen, D. MacRae, J. W. McMillan, J. K. Wright, T. Scouler, ministers; Dr. Milne and Chas. McQueen elders.

Home Missions—E. D. McLaren, convener; G. R. Maxwell, W. G. Mills, P. McF. Macleod, P. F. Langill, J. C. Henderson, D. MacRae, ministers; J. Fullerton and John Kelvie, elders.

Systematic Beneficence—Alex. Young, convener; S. H. McLeson, J. A. McDonald, George Murray, A. B. Winchester, ministers; W. H. Frazer and Thos. Tweed, elders.

Statistics and Finance—Thos. Scouler, convener; J. Buchanan, A. J. Adamson, J. A. Jaffray, Alex. Dunn, ministers; James McKee and A. H. Menzies, elders.

SUPERINTENDENT OF HOME MISSIONS.

Rev. Mr. Herdman reported on the state of religion. The Presbyteries have made considerable progress. A more lively interest was urged in sabbath school work.

The report of home missions recommended the appointment of superintendent of home missions. Duties in new fields and outlying districts. The overture was forwarded to the home mission committee of the general assembly.

CALGARY NEXT PLACE OF MEETING.

Clalgary was agreed upon as the next place of meeting of synod the first Wednesday in May next year. The minutes were ordered printed and synod concluded its business.

GOLDWIN SMITH.

Toronto St. George's Society Regrets His Aberration.

TORONTO, March 3.—At a largely attended meeting to-night of St. George's Society, the subject of debate was the following resolution presented by Castel Hespkins, of the Toronto Empire:

"That in view of his advocacy of the annexation of the Dominion of Canada to the United States, his position as president of the Continental Union Association of Toronto and treason to his Sovereign, to England and Canada involved in these conditions, this body of loyal Englishmen request Goldwin Smith to tender his resignation as a life member of St. George's Society, and hereby instructs the treasurer to return to Mr. Smith the fee previously paid for the privilege."

After considerable discussion the following compromise was carried unanimously:

"Whereas, it has been brought to the attention of the society that Goldwin Smith, one of its life members, has openly proclaimed himself in favor of severing Canada from the rest of the British Empire, and has also accepted the position of honorary president of an association having for its object the active promotion of an agitation for the union of Canada with the United States, this society desires emphatically to place on record its strong disapproval of any such movement, and hereby expresses its extreme regret that the society should contain in its ranks a member who is striving for an object which would cause irreparable injury to the Dominion and would entail a loss to the mother land of the most important part of her Empire and would deprive Canadians of their birthright as British subjects.

CANADIAN NOTES.

News by Mail and Wire From All Parts of the Dominion.

John Dingle, a prominent resident of Oshawa, committed suicide by hanging.

A bill was introduced into the Manitoba Legislature to authorize a loan of one million dollars by Manitoba.

Michael Doran, foundryman, of Kingston, is dead, aged 71. He retired three years ago and leaves a fortune of half a million dollars.

James Marshall Ferris, for many years Reform representative for East Northumberland in the Ontario legislature, is dead, aged 65.

A scaffold gave way in Montreal, precipitating Alfred Boisvert and F. Cusson to the ground from a height of 50 feet. There are small hopes of their recovery.

The store of Fred Ward at Thurso, was burned together with the post-office and Great Northwestern telegraph company's office. Total loss, $8000; insured.

The saloon cabin rates on the Allan, Dominion and Beaver steamship lines from Montreal are to be advanced this year about ten per cent., as the companies say the former rates did not pay.

Preparations for celebrating the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the founding of Montreal by Maissonneuve are under way. The festivities will begin on June 24 and extend over four days.

A fire at Wawanesa, Manitoba, destroyed Lambert's general store, Gorrie's harness shop, Walley's butcher shop, Nethercott's hardware and Arkell's drug stores. The total loss is about $10,000.

John Brennan, formerly a trainer at the Wellington racing stables, Toronto, has brought out thoroughbred horses, which he purchased in England for a retired Englishman, now residing in Canada, named J. Brame, who intends to start a stock farm near Regina.

In the Manitoba Legislature Mr. McNaught moved, seconded by Mr. Ironsides, "That it is the opinion of this House that the franchise for the Legislature of this province be extended to women." The motion was discussed at length, but was finally defeated by a vote of 29 to 11.

In a statement made public the liabilities of the Polson Iron Works, Toronto, recently assigned, are shown to be over $500,000. The assets are about $140,000. The creditors will realize little or nothing from the wreck. The firm lost heavily in their shipyard investment in Owen Sound.

The prohibition question was fully discussed in the Manitoba legislature. After several amendments, all of which were voted down, the memorial to the Dominion Government was adopted by a vote of 36 to 1. The memorial asks that in view of the recentple biscite taken in Manitoba, the Dominion Government shall with all convenient speed enact a law prohibiting the importation, manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor as a beverage, into or in the Province of Manitoba.

Judge Prudhomme, of St. Boniface, in La Revue Canadienne, urges a new plea for separate schools and other state recognition of the French language and Roman Catholic religious rights in Manitoba and the Northwest. His views may thus be summarized:—"Manitoba and the Northwest Territories, with the exception of the district bordering on Hudson's Bay, formerly belonged to France, and were ceded to Britain by the Treaty of Paris. Hence the guarantee of that treaty as to the preservation of the French language and the free use of the Catholic religion, apply to the Northwest and most of Manitoba the same as in the Province of Quebec."

C. D. Swanson, of St. Mary's, writing to the papers, suggests that the Liberals introduce free trade gradually by a general revision of the tariff, removing the most glaring inequalities and exactions at once, then frame a tariff law so that customs duties would be reduced ten per cent. yearly, leading to free trade in ten years. The question of liquor prohibition, he said, could be settled on the same basis, allowing no new distilleries or breweries to be started, and those in exhistence to reduce their output 10 per cent. yearly, when we would arrive at prohibition in ten years. Such a policy, he holds, would enlist the men of all parties.

Clarke Wallace, Comptroller of Customs, replying to adverse resolutions passed by the Loyal Orange Brotherhood in Toronto, says that if such a brotherhood does exist it has no connection with the Orange Association of Canada, and is probably composed of certain "sore heads" who have been expelled from the association and have made several futile efforts to organize. As to the complaint that the Protestants are not fully represented in the cabinet, he says that they have their complement, which, according to population, is seven members. As to his acceptance of office which was denounced, he says he considers it an honor to serve the Queen and country as a member of the Conservative government whose general policy he has always supported. He adds that since his appointment eleven weeks ago he has received personal congratulatory resolutions from over one thousand Orange lodges, while the lodges that have expressed dissent number less than half a dozen.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itchin and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. 1ts&w

A luxury of luxuries—Tamlkaude Tea.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

THE LEGISLATURE.

A Number of Private Bills Advanced—The School Bill Discussed.

TWENTY-THIRD DAY.

FRIDAY, March 3rd, 1893.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock. Prayers by Rev. Canon Beanlands.

REPORT.

Mr. Booth presented the report of the railway committee on the following bills:—Osoyoos and Okanagan Railway Company, Burrard Inlet and Fraser Valley Railway Company, Kootenay Lak, and Lardeau Railway Company.

ROYAL COMMISSION EVIDENCE.

Hon. Mr. Beaven asked the Provincial Secretary when the evidence taken before the Royal commission on smallpox would be printed.

Hon. Col. Baker answered that the evidence was now in the printing office.

JOHN BIGGS' CASE.

Mr. McKenzie moved for a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Fletcher, Stoddart, Semlin, Anderson and the mover, to investigate the case of John Biggs of Nanaimo, in the matter of the seizure of his cattle in 1879, by the sheriff of Nanaimo; with power to call for persons and papers, and to report thereon to the House. The mover explained that some years ago a number of cattle belonging to Mr. Biggs were sold by the sheriff on a judgment obtained against another man.

The debate was adjourned on account of the absence of the Attorney-General.

THE SCHOOL BILL.

Mr. Sword moved on consideration of the report on the school bill, to amend the bill, so that the Government would not have to pay the per capita allowance to the cities for the pupils attending the High Schools. The mover said he had always objected to the High Schools being free as only a limited class could attend them. The province should not give a High school education free. Of course the cities could give a free High school education if they wished to.

Hon. Mr. Baker was astonished to hear the views of Mr. Sword. The very highest education possible should be open to all the children of the province free of charge. He considered that those who could afford to pay for the education of their children should do so, and it was with this object that he had inserted a clause in the bill giving the trustees power to charge a fee to those who could afford to pay. It would not be fair to cut down the per capita allowance.

Hon. Mr. Beaven thought if Mr. Sword visited the high schools he would come away with his mind disabused of some of his ideas. The high schools were simply a higher form of education, and in the true sense of the term were not high schools at all. The Government grant was not large enough, and in fact had been inadequate for many years. He was sure that Mr. Sword would not try to starve the schools of the city by cutting down the per capita allowance of the Government.

Mr. Foster was in favor of giving children the highest education possible.

Dr. Milne said the $10 allowance was small enough, and it looked bad for a district member to move that it should be cut down, in view of the large amount that the Government paid for the education of children in the districts. The High schools should be encouraged, not discouraged, and nothing should be done to prevent poor people from sending their children to the High schools.

Mr. McKenzie objected to Mr. Sword's amendment.

Mr. Cotton said it would be better to increase the allowance instead of decreasing it.

The amendment was lost.

A number of verbal amendments were made to the bill, and the report was adopted. The bill will be read a third time on Monday.

B. C. SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

The House went into committee, Mr. Rogers in the chair, to consider the British Columbia Southern Railway Company's bill. The bill was reported complete with amendments.

RED MOUNTAIN RAILWAY.

The House went into committee, Mr. Hunter in the chair, to consider the Red Mountain Railway Company's bill. The bill was reported complete with amendments.

LARDEAU AND KOOTENAY RAILWAY.

Mr. Kellie moved the second reading of the Lardeau and Kootenay Railway bill. He briefly explained the benefits the Lardeau district would derive by the building of the railway. The bill was read a second time and will be considered in committee on Monday.

MASONIC TEMPLE ASSOCIATION.

Hon. Mr. Beaven moved the second reading of the bill to incorporate the Masonic Temple Association of Victoria.

MEDICAL BILL.

The Medical Bill was read a third time and passed.

The House adjourned at 5:05.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

By Mr. Kellie—That the report of the select committee on Carpenter Creek land claims be adopted.

By Mr. Cotton—(1) For a return of papers and evidence taken before Mr. Chancellor Boyd and the decision given by him in reference to the claim of the late John Angus to lot 11, block 3, old Granville townsite, and in regard to the claim of Wm. Mashiter, to lot 1, block 17, old Granville townsite.

By Mr. Kellie—That the standing committee on private bills and standing orders be asked to report whether or not the standing orders should be suspended, so as to allow the bill to incorporate the Kaslo Electric Light, Power and Water Works Co., to be introduced, notwithstanding that the time for the introduction of private bills has expired.

By Dr. Watt—Whereas, in four several trips of the Empress and Northern Pacific lines of steamers during the past year, Chinese passengers were brought into the province infected with the loathsome disease smallpox; and whereas, by the inefficiency of the Dominion quarantine regulations the said disease was allowed to enter and spread within the province, and great mortality besides serious financial loss to the cities and province was thereby caused; and whereas there is great danger that Asiatic cholera may at any time be introduced from China or Japan, and thereby incalculable vital and financial loss be caused to the province: Therefore, be it resolved that a respectful address be presented to the Lieutenant-Governor urging him to move the Dominion Government to prohibit all immigration from Asiatic countries for a period of one year from the first day of April next.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

Hon. Mr. Higgins being absent yesterday, Mr. Martin occupied the Speaker's chair, and on account of the absence of Hon. Mr. Davie no public measures, with the exception of the School bill, were taken up.

Among the visitors at the House yesterday were Rev. Dr. Reid, Mr. H. Abbott, Major Dupont, Col. Kane, and Dr. Eberts of Wellington.

Redistribution, it is understood, was the subject discussed at the recent Government caucus.

Messrs. Brown and Kitchen were not in the House yesterday, having gone home to spend Saturday and Sunday. Mr. Hunter was completely lost on account of the absence of Mr. Brown, and out of pure compassion Mr. Martin, who was acting as Speaker, appointed him chairman when the House went into committee.

What Page, Sir?

A young barrister, intending to be very eloquent, observed, "Such principles as these, my Lord, are written in the book of nature." "Whatpage, sir?" said Lord Chief Justice Ellenborough; and the orator was silenced for life.

We have a couple of principles to enunciate for the benefit of sufferers. These principles are amongst the truest in Nature's code, and cannot be cast aside with indifference; they are as follows:—"The man or woman who is afflicted with cough, chest or throat troubles, and who treats these difficulties with contempt and carelessness, is worse than a fool."

"The man or woman who is seeking relief and cure for the above mentioned affections, and who does not use the remedy that is curing thousands every day, and that is approved of by the best doctors, is certainly lacking in ordinary common sense and judgment."

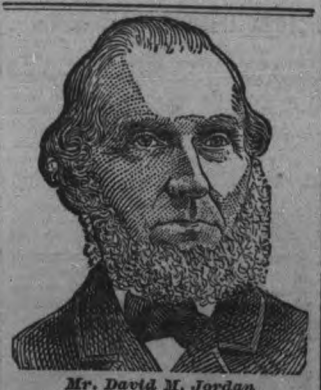
The great curing agent for coughs, sore throat, hoarseness and all bronchial affections is the celebrated and well-tested Harvard Bronchial Syrup—a remedy pure in composition, harmless in character, and so pleasant that young children cry for it. Harvard Bronchial Syrup stands to-day at the head of all cough remedies. It deserves this elevated position owing to its grand and effective work. Try one of the "big" twenty-five cent bottles.

Dr. Briggs at Work.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Rev. Dr. Charles A. Briggs to-day took the chair of Systematic Theology in the Union Theology Seminary, left vacant by the death of Prof. Worcester, and delivered his first lecture to the senior class at the morning session. The action of the faculty in appointing Dr. Briggs to the chair of Systematic Theology is taken by some to mean that Union Seminary has laid aside its conservatism and will hereafter be conducted on broader lines.

A Genuine Comedy Novelty.

Without a question "Ole Olson," the new Swedish dialect play, has been one of the greatest successes of the American stage. It comes here soon with a strong cast. The dialect of the stolid Swede is both novel and funny, and as the incidents of the play are hilarious and exciting, and as the piece is presented by the best farce comedy company now traveling, there is little doubt that playgoers will watch for the date of the performance — Wednesday, March 8th.



Mr. David M. Jordan
of Edmeston, N. Y.

Colorless, Emaciated, Helpless

A Complete Cure by HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

This is from Mr. D. M. Jordan, a retired farmer, and one of the most respected citizens of Otsego Co., N. Y

"Fourteen years ago I had an attack of the gravel, and have since been troubled with my

Liver and Kidneys

gradually growing worse. Three years ago I got down so low that **I could scarcely walk.** I looked more like a corpse than a living being. I had no appetite and for five weeks **I ate nothing but gruel.** I was badly emaciated and had no more color than a **marble statue.** Hood's Sarsaparilla was recommended and I thought I would try it. Before I had finished the first bottle I noticed that I felt better, suffered less, the **inflammation of the bladder** had subsided, the color began to return to my face, and I **began to feel hungry.** After I had taken three bottles I could eat anything without hurting me. Why, I got so hungry that I had to eat 5 times a day. I have now fully recovered, thanks to

Hood's Sarsaparilla

I feel well and am well. All who know me marvel to see me so well." D. M. JORDAN.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache and biliousness.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

The arrival of Spring will be greeted with "Showers" of tears. Why? Why! because every person will weep with joy when they find they can purchase at a reasonable price one of

Currie's

World-renowned Waterproof

Coats,

which have stood the test of 50 years and still take the lead in the markets of Great Britain and the Colonies.

All large dealers keep them. fe16-w&s

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

The use of the ambulance for all cases other than accidents can only be obtained on the order of one of the Consulting or Visiting Physicians of the Hospital.

The names of the said Physicians can be had on application at the Victoria Transfer Stabbles

H. M. YATES,
Secretary

tf

MEDICAL.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TRIAL. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Before. After. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. june10-1y

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Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH. For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. may17 1y

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Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.

Every man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. Address the publishers,

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

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CURE YOURSELF!

Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only *non-poisonous* remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. *The Universal American Cure.* Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. PRICE $1.00

CUBB'S COUGH CURE (ANTISEPTIC) CUBB'S COUGH CURE

We do not publish testimonials from parties in the Eastern States, but from well known, reliable local parties.

Read the following from people you know:

MISS S. BOWES, Matron of the Children's Home, Vancouver, writes:—"I have heard only the most favorable reports from persons who have used Cubb's Cough Cure. Last week I took the severest cold I have had since I came to the coast in caring for my little ones at night. I lost my voice completely, but I WAS MOST SPEEDILY RELIEVED by Cubb's Cough Cure. I for one, must certainly believe in its efficacy and hope it will be very popular, as it undoubtedly deserves to be. I would like you to send a few bottles for the Home."

THE HYBRYLYNE CO., Victoria, B.C.

☞ Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it.

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HOTELS.

New Telegraph Hotel.

Accommodation for 100 guests. This hotel is a three-story brick, with basement; has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor. Terms, from $1 to $2 per day. d&w JOHNATHAN MERRIFIELD.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having sold my business to the Saywa Mill and Lumber Co., Limited, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm.

Persons having claims against me are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness at my office, 16 Trounce Avenue.

oc23 tf W. P. SAYWARD.

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—::— FOR FAMILY USE, —::—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other

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THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

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Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler

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SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

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TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

A BY-LAW

To Regulate the Numbering of Hawkers and Pedlers.

Whereas by sub-section 61 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, the Council is empowered to make, alter and repeal by-laws inter alia to regulate the numbering of hawkers and pedlers,

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. Every hawker or pedler licensed under the Revenue By-Law, 1889, shall at the time of the issue of his license receive from the collector a plate bearing a number which shall be affixed on a prominent place on the outside of his wagon, cart or other vehicle or basket or other receptacle for carrying or conveying his goods, wares, or merchandise and said plate shall remain thereon during the period for which the license is granted or in case more than one basket or other receptacle is carried by the licensee then the plate shall be attached to one of such baskets or other receptacle, and such plate shall be returned to the collecor at the expiration of the term of the license and may be reissued by him.

Sec. 2. Any person convicted of a breach of this by-law shall forfeit and pay at the discretion of the convicting magistrate a penalty not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars, for each offence exclusive of costs and in default of payment of the said penalty and costs forthwith the said penalty and costs or costs only may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender and in case of there being no distress found out of which such penalty can be levied the convicting magistrate may commit the offender to the common jail of the city of Victoria with or without hard labor for any period not exceeding one calendar month unless the said and penalty costs be sooner paid.

Sec. 3. This By-Law may be cited as "The Hawker and Pedler Numbering By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of January, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council the 1st February, 1893.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of the by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 1st day of February, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

IN THE BROOKLYN TABERNACLE.

Talmage Discourses on the Text, "As a Hen Gathereth Her Chickens Under Her Wings."

An Eloquent Discourse Demonstrative of the Saviour's Brooding Love for Sinners.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 26.—Rev. Dr. Talmage selected for his morning sermon the text, Matthew xxiii, 37, "As a hen gathereth her chickens under her wings; and ye would not."

WHY THIS SIMILE?

Jerusalem was in sight as Christ came to the crest of Mount Olivet, a height of 700 feet. The splendors of the religious capital of the whole earth irradiated the landscape. There is the temple. Yonder is the king's palace. Spread out before his eyes are the pomp, the wealth, the wickedness and the coming destruction of Jerusalem, and he burst into tears at the thought of the obduracy of a place that he would gladly have saved, and apostrophizes, saying, "O, Jerusalem, Jerusalem, how often would I have gathered thy children together, even as a hen gathereth her chickens under her wings and ye would not!"

Why did Christ select hen and chickens as a simile? Next to the appositeness of the comparison I think it was to help all public teachers in the matter of illustration to get down off their stilts and use comparisons that all can understand. The plainest bird on earth is the barnyard fowl. Its only adornments are the red comb in its headdress and the wattles under the throat. It has no grandeur of genealogy. All we know is that its ancestors came from India, some of them from a height of 4,000 feet on the sides of the Himalayas. It has no pretension of nest like the eagle's eyrie. It has no luster of plumage like the goldfinch. Possessing anatomy that allows flight, yet about the last thing it wants to do is to fly, and in retreat uses foot almost as much as wing.

THE HEN AS A TYPE.

I am in sympathy with the unpretentious, old fashioned hen, because, like most of us, she has to scratch for a living. She knows at the start the lesson which most people of good sense are slow to learn—that the gaining of a livelihood implies work, and that successes do not lie on the surface, but are to be upturned by positive and continuous effort. The reason that society, and the church, and the world are so full of failures, so full of loafers, so full of dead beats, is because the people are not wise enough to take the lesson which any hen would teach them—that if they would find for themselves and for those dependent upon them anything worth having they must scratch for it.

Solomon said, "Go to the ant, thou sluggard." I say, go to the hen, thou sluggard. In the Old Testament God compares himself to an eagle stirring up her nest, and in the New Testament the Holy Spirit is compared to a descending dove, but Christ, in a sermon that begins with cutting sarcasm for hypocrites and ends with the paroxysm of pathos in the text, compars himself to a hen.

One day in the country we saw sudden consternation in the behavior of old Dominick. Why the hen should be so disturbed we could not understand. We looked about to see if a neighbor's dog were invading the farm. We looked up to see if a stormcloud were hovering. We could see nothing on the ground that could terrorize, and we could see nothing in the air to ruffle the feathers of the hen, but the loud, wild, affrighted cluck which brought all her brood at full run under her feathers made us look again around us and above us, when we saw that high up and far away there was a rapacious bird wheeling around and around, and down and down, and not seeing us as we stood in the shadow it came nearer and lower until we saw its beak was curved from base to tip, and it had two flames of fire for eyes, and it was a hawk.

But all the chickens were under old Dominick's wings, and either the bird of prey caught a glimpse of us, or not able to find the brood huddled under wing darted back into the clouds. So Christ calls with great earnestness to all the young. Why, what is the matter? It is bright sunlight, and there can be no danger. Health is theirs. A good home is theirs. Plenty of food is theirs. Prospect of long life is theirs. But Christ continues to call, calls with more emphasis and urges haste and says not a second ought to be lost. Oh, do tell us what is the matter!

Ah, now I see; there are hawks of temptation in the air; there are vultures wheeling for their prey; there are beaks of death ready to plunge; there are claws of allurement ready to clutch. Now I see the peril. Now I understand the urgency. Now I see the only safety. Would that Christ might this day take our sons and daughters into his shelter, "as a hen gathereth her chickens under her wing!" The fact is that the most of them will never find the shelter unless while they are chickens. It is a simple matter of inexorable statistics that most of those who do not come to Christ in youth never come at all.

HUMAN BIRDS OF PREY.

What chance is there for the young without divine protection? There are the grog shops. There are the gambling hells. There are the infidelities and immoralities of spiritualism. There are the bad books. There are the impurities. There are the business rascalities. And so numerous are these assailments that it is a wonder that honesty and virtue are not lost arts. The birds of prey, diurnal and nocturnal, of the natural world are ever on the alert. They are the assassins of the sky. They have varieties of taste. The eagle prefers the flesh of the living animal. The vulture prefers the carcass. The falcon kills with one stroke, while other styles of beak give prolongation of torture.

And so the temptations of this life are various. Some make quick work of death, and others agonize the mind and body for many years, and some like the living blood of great souls, and others prefer those already gangrened. But for every style of youth there is a swooping wing, and a sharp beak, and a cruel claw, and what the rising generation needs is a wing of protection. Fathers, mothers, older brothers and sisters, and Sabbath school teachers, be quick and earnest and prayerful and importunate, and get the chickens under wing.

My hearers, if we secure the present and everlasting welfare of our children, most other things belonging to us are of but little comparative importance. Alexander the Great allowed his soldiers to take their families with them to war, and he accounted for the bravery of his men by the fact that many of them were born in camp and were used to warlike scenes from the start. Would God that all the children of our day might be born into the army of the Lord! No need of letting them go a long way on the wrong road before they turn around and go on the right road. The only time to get chickens under wing is when they are chickens.

Hannah Whitall Smith, the evangelist, took her little child at 2 years of age when ill out of the crib and told her plainly of Christ, and the child believed and gave evidence of joyful trust which grew with her growth into womanhood. Two years are not too young. The time will come when by the faith of parents children will be born into this world and born into the bosom of Christ at the same time. Soon we parents will have to go and leave our children. We fight their battles now, and we stand between them and harm, but our arm will after awhile get weak, and we cannot fight for them, and our tongue will be palsied, and we cannot speak for them. Are we going to leave them out in the cold world to take their chances, or are we doing all we can to get them under the wing of eternal safety?

WE NEED THE PROTECTING WING.

But we all need the protecting wing. If you had known when you entered upon manhood or womanhood what was ahead of you, would you have dared to undertake life? How much you would have been through! With most life has been a disappointment. They tell me so. They have not attained that which they expected to attain. They have not had the physical and mental vigor they expected, or they have met with rebuffs which they did not anticipate. You are not at 40 or 50 or 60 or 70 or 80 years of age where you thought you would be. I do not know any one except myself to whom life has been a happy surprise. I never expected anything, and so when anything came in the shape of human favor or comfortable position or widening field of work it was to me a surprise.

I was told in the theological seminary by some of my fellow students that I never would get anybody to hear me preach unless I changed my style, so that when I found some people did come to hear me it was a happy surprise. But most people, according to their own statement, have found life a disappointment. Indeed we all need shelter from its tempests. About 3 o'clock on a hot August afternoon you have heard a rumble that you first took for a wagon crossing a bridge, but afterward there was a louder rumbling, and you said, "Why, that is thunder!" And, sure enough, the clouds were being convoked for a full diapason. A whole park of artillery went rolling down the heavens, and the blinds of the windows in the sky were closed. But the sounds above were not more certain than the sounds beneath.

The cattle came to the bars and moaned for them to be let down that they might come home to shelter, and the fowl, whether dark Brahma or Hamburg or Leghorn or Dominick, began to call to its young, "Cluck!" "Cluck!" "Cluck!" and take them under the wagon house or shed, and had them all hid under the soft feathers by the time that the first plash of rain struck the roof.

So there are sudden tempests for our souls, and, oh! how dark it gets, and threatening clouds of bankruptcy or sickness or persecution or bereavement gather and thicken and blacken, and some run for shelter to a bank, but it is a poor shelter, and others run to friendly advisers, and they fail to help, and others fly nowhere, simply because they know not where to go, and they perish in the blast, but others hear a divine call, saying, "Come, for all things are now ready." "The spirit and the bride say come." And while the heavens are thundering terror the divine voice proffers mercy, and the soul comes under the brooding care of the Almighty "as a hen gathereth her chickens under her wings."

WE WANT WARMTH.

The wings of my text suggest warmth, and that is what most folks want. The fact is that this is a cold world, whether you take it literally or figuratively. We have a big fireplace called the sun, and it has a very hot fire, and the stokers keep the coals well stirred up, but much of the year we cannot get near enough to this fireplace to get warmed. The world's extremities are cold all the time. Forget not that it is colder at the south pole than at the north pole, and that the Arctic is not so destructive as the Antarctic. Once in awhile the Arctic will let explorers come back, but the Antarctic hardly ever. When at the south pole a ship sails in, the door of ice is almost sure to be closed against its return.

So life to many millions of people at the south and many millions of people at the north is a prolonged shiver. But when I say that this is a cold world I chiefly mean figuratively. If you want to know what is the meaning of the ordinary term of receiving the "cold shoulder," get out of money and try to borrow. The conversation may have been almost tropical for luxuriance of thought and speech, but suggest your necessities and see the thermometer drop to 50 degrees below zero, and in that which till a moment before had been a warm room. Take what is an unpopular position on some public question and see your friends fly as chaff before a windmill.

As far as myself is concerned, I have no word of complaint, but I look off day by day and see communities freezing out men and women of whom the world is not worthy. Now it takes after one and now after another. It becomes popular to depreciate and defame and execrate and lie about some people. This is the best world I ever got into, but it is the meanest world that some people ever got into. The worst thing that ever happened to them was their cradle, and the best thing that will ever happen to them will be their grave. What people want is warmth.

Many years ago a man was floating down on the ice of the Merrimac, and great efforts were made to rescue him. Twice he got hold of a plank thrown to him, and twice he slipped away from it because that end of the plank was covered with ice, and he cried out, "For God's sake, give me the wooden end of the plank this time," and this done he was hauled to shore.

The trouble is that in our efforts to save the soul there is too much coldness and icy formality, and so the imperiled one slips off and floats down. Give it the other end of the plank—warmth of sympathy, warmth of kindly association, warmth of genial surroundings. The world declines to give it, and in many cases has no power to give it, and here is where Christ comes in, and as on a cold day, the rain beating and the atmosphere full of sleet, the hen clucks her chickens under her wings, and the warmth of her own breast puts warmth into the wet feathers and the chilled feet of the infant group of the barnyard, so Christ says to those sick and frosted and disgusted and frozen of the world come in out of the March winds of the world's criticism; come in out of the sleet of the world's assault; come in out of a world that does not understand you. I will comfort, and I will soothe, and I will be your warmth, "as a hen gathereth her chickens under her wing." Oh, the warm heart of God is ready for all those to whom the world has given the cold shoulder.

But notice that some one must take the storm for the chickens. Ah, the hen takes the storm. I have watched her under the pelting rain. I have seen her in the pinching frosts almost frozen to death or almost strangled in the waters, and what a fight she makes for the young under wing if a dog, or a hawk, or a man come too near! And so the brooding Christ takes the storm for us. What flood of anguish and tears that did not dash upon his holy soul? What beak of torture did not pierce his vitals? What barking Cerberus of hell was not let out upon him from the kennels!

Yes, the hen took the storm for the chickens, and Christ takes the storm for us. Once the tempest rose so suddenly the hen could not get with her young back from the new ground to the barn, and there she is under the fence half dead. And now the rain turns to snow, and it is an awful night, and in the morning the whiteness about the gills and the beak down in the mud show that the mother is dead, and the young ones come out and cannot understand why the mother does not scratch for them something to eat, and they walk over her wings and call with their tiny voices, but there is no answering cluck. She took the storm for others and perished. Poor thing! Self sacrificing even unto death.

And does it not make you think of him who endured all for us? So the wings under which we come for spiritual safety are blood spattered wings, are night shadowed wings, are tempest torn wings. In the Isle of Wight I saw the grave of Princess Elizabeth, who died while a prisoner at Carisbrook castle, her finger on an open Bible and pointing to the words, "Come unto me, all ye that labor and are heavy laden and I will give you rest." Oh, come under the wings!

But now the summer day is almost past, and the shadows of the house and barn and wagon shed have lengthened. The farmer, with scythe or hoe on shoulder, is returning from the fields. The oxen are unyoked. The horses are crunching the oats at the full bin. The air is bewitched of honeysuckle and wild brier. The milkman, pail in hand, is approaching the barnyard. The fowls, keeping early hours, are collecting their young. "Cluck!" "Cluck!" "Cluck!" and soon all the eyes of that feathered nursery are closed.

The bachelors of the winged tribe have ascended to their perch, but the hens, in a motherhood divinely appointed, take all the risk of a slumber on the ground, and all night long the wings will stay outspread and the little ones will not utter a sound. Thus at sundown, lovingly, safely, completely, the hen broods her young. So, if we are the Lord's the evening of our life will come. The heats of the day will have passed. There will be shadows, and we cannot see as far. The work of life will be about ended.

The hawks of temptation that hovered in the sky will have gone to the woods and folded their wings. Sweet silences will come down. The air will be redolent with the breath of whole arbors of promises sweeter than jasmine or evening primrose. The air may be a little chill, but Christ will call us, and we will know the voice and heed the call, and we will come under the wings for the night, the strong wings, the soft wings, the warm wings, and without fear, and in full sense of safety, and then we will rest from sundown to sunrise, "as a hen gathereth her chickens under her wings." Dear me! How many souls the Lord hath thus brooded!

Mothers, after watching over sick cradles and then watching afterward over wayward sons and daughters, at last themselves taken care of by a motherly God. Business men, after a lifetime struggling with the uncertainties of money markets, and the change of tariffs, and the underselling of men who because of their dishonesties can afford to undersell, and years of disappointment and struggle, at last under wings where nothing can perturb them any more than a bird of prey which is 10 miles off disturbs a chick at midnight brooding in a barnyard.

My text has its strongest application for people who were born in the country, wherever you may now live, and that is the majority of you. You cannot hear my text without having all the rustic scenes of the old farmhouse come back to you. Good old days they were. You knew nothing much of the world, for you had not seen the world.

By law of association you cannot recall the brooding hen and her chickens without seeing also the barn, and the haymow, and the wagon shed, and the house, and the room where you played, and the fireside with the big backlog before which you sat, and the neighbors, and the burial, and the wedding, and the deep snowbanks, and hear the village bell that called you to worship, and seeing the horses which, after pulling you to church, stood around the old clapboarded meeting house, and those who sat at either end of the church pew, and indeed all the scenes of your first 14 years, and you think of what you were then and of what you are now, and all these thoughts are aroused by the sight of the old hencoop. Some of you had better go back and start again.

In thought return to that place and hear the cluck and see the outspread feathers and come under the wing, and make the Lord your portion and shelter and warmth, preparing for everything that may come, and so avoid being classed among those described by the closing words of my text, "as a hen gathereth her chickens under her wings, and ye would not." Ah, that throws the responsibilities upon us! "Ye would not." Alas, for the "would nots!" If the wandering broods of the farm heed not their mother's call and risk the hawk and dare the freshet and expose themselves to the first frost and storm, surely their calamities are not the mother's fault. "Ye would not!" God would, but how many would not?

When a good man asked a young woman who had abandoned her home and who was deploring her wretchedness why she did not return, the reply was: "I dare not go home. My father is so provoked he would not receive me home." "Then," said the Christian man, "I will test this," and so he wrote to the father, and the reply came back and in a letter marked outside "Immediate," and inside saying, "Let her come at once; all is forgiven." So God's invitation for you is marked "Immediate" on the outside, and inside it is written, "He will abundantly pardon."

Oh, ye wanderers from God and happiness and home and heaven, come under the sheltering wing! Under this call I see you turning from your old way to the new way, the living way, the gospel way. A vessel in the Bristol channel was nearing the rock called the "Steep Holmes." Under the tempest the vessel was unmanageable, and the only hope was that the tide would change before she struck the rocks and went down, and so the captain stood on the deck, watch in hand. Captain and crew and passengers were pallid with terror. Taking another look at his watch and another look at the sea, he shouted: "Thank God, we are saved! The tide has turned! One minute more and we would have struck the rocks."

Some of you have been a long while drifting in the tempest of sin and sorrow and have been making for the breakers. Thank God, the tide has turned! Do you not feel the lift of the billow? The grace of God that bringeth salvation has appeared to your soul, and, in the words of Boaz to Ruth, I commend you to "the Lord God of Israel, under whose wings thou hast come to trust."

An Apology to the Women of Canada

There was the notion that a woman's life had broader out look than the embroidery frame, or the the sentimental novel. It was hard to make the world believe that.

There was the higher education. That was hard to obtain. There was the idea that the woman could vote as intelligently upon a school board as a man. There was a bitter fight for the triumph of that idea.

Woman has triumphed all along the line.

AN APOLOGY IS DUE TO THE WOMEN OF CANADA.

The proprietors of Melissa commenced with the men. The men, through the trade, made such constant demand for Melissa garments, to replace the archaic rubber coat, that manufacture and proofing was confined to them.

The ladies of Canada said:—"Why can't we get Melissa wraps as the men can get Melissa coats?" That was decisive. The demand is answered. Every village, town and city in Canada, can now have its supply of

LADIES', CHILDREN'S AND MISSES RAINPROOF WRAPS

in the latest New York styles, without the New York expense.

It means an A 1 New York designer and cutter; an imported staff of trained assistants, all MEN, and all efficient cloak makers. But it means, too, exquisite tailor made wraps, within a few steps of the home, wherever the home is, at less than the cost of imported goods.

The latest designs; the most perfect fit; the style and smartness of the expensive New York wraps. There is beauty in them. They are purely Canadian. They are right at your door. They are superior to anything of European manufacture.

They express the best in taste and imagination that New York can produce. But the cost is a great deal less.

As simple wraps they are "distingue." Proofed with Melissa, they are both elegant and comfortable, for they are a double protection, against cold and against rain. Either way they are now on the market.

The Melissa proofed wraps cost but a trifle more than the ordinary cloth wrap.

Be Sure You Get Melissa. Don't take what some unscrupulous salesmen or traders will tell you is the same as Melissa. Or as good as Melissa. They are really only worthless imitations.

You can always tell a genuine Melissa garment by the Trade Mark Label. Just look under the collar inside.

Designs, Patterns, and every other information furnished on application. Special attention given to letter order.

THE MELISSA MANUFACTURING CO.,
MONTREAL.

J. W. MACKEDIE & Co.,
MONTREAL,
Sole Agents for the Dominion.

No. 188.

A BY-LAW

Authorising the Corporation of the City of Victoria to Borrow the sum of $225,000.00 in anticipation of the receipt of its Revenue for the year 1893.

Whereas under and by virtue of sub-section 134 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, every municipality may under the conditions contained in said sub-section borrow from any person such sum of money not exceeding an amount equal to the total amount of taxes upon land or real property as shown by the revised assessment roll of the municipality for the preceding year, and bearing such rate of interest as may be requisite, to meet the current legal expenditure of the corporation which becomes payable out of the annual revenue before the revenue for the year becomes payable by the tax payers;

And whereas the total amount of the tax upon land for the year 1892 is $235,907.55 and upon improvements $41,551.87;

And whereas to meet the current legal expenditure of the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the year 1893 payable out of the annual revenue before such revenue for such year becomes payable by the tax payers, it is requisite for the said Corporation to borrow the sum of $225,000.

Therefore be it enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria by the Mayor and Finance Committee thereof, to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation from any person or persons, firm or firms, corporation or corporations who may be willing to advance the same, the sum of $225,000.00, in such amounts and at such times as the same may in the opinion of the Mayor and the Finance Committee of the Council be required, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum.

Sec. 2. The money so borrowed shall be expended in defraying the current legal expenses of the said Corporation for the year 1893, and shall, together with the interest thereon, be payable and repaid to the lender or lenders thereof on or before the 31st day of December, 1893, out of the municipal revenue for the said year.

Sec. 3. An acknowledgement of such liability shall be in the form of a promissory note signed by the Mayor and the Finance Committee and Clerk of the said Corporation and shall be sealed with the corporate seal of the said Corporation.

Sec. 4. In the construction of this by-law the expressions "Land" and "Improvements" and "Real property" shall have respectively the meaning given to them in section 2 of the Municipal Act, 1892.

Sec. 5. This by-law may be cited as the "Annual Loan By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council the 17th day of February, A. D. 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the 20th day of February, A. D. 1893.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. C.C.

CHEAP TEETH.

I offer to furnish 500 patients for the next sixty days with my improved Artificial Teeth for nearly one half the usual price. Remember that they are not common rubber plates, but an art in dental science. The latest method used for all dental operations. Crown and bridge work a specialty. Old gold bought or taken in exchange for dental work. Remember DR. HARTMAN'S Dental Parlors, 73½ Government Street. fe28-tf

Use German Magic Pile Cure.

Amusements.

For particulars and dates of amusements, see fourth page, column next editorial.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£600,000 $3,000,000.
RESERVE FUND.....£260,000 $1,300,000.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.

Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:

Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal New York and Chicago.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent, per annum. Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap7-1y W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L. M.S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized, Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

BY-LAW

No. 187.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

Sec. 1. The Commissioners of Sewers By-Law, 1892, is hereby repealed.

Passed the Municipal Council on the 10th day of February, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1893.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As complaints have been made by residents of the higher levels that they are unable to obtain water, for the reason that it is being allowed to run to waste on the lower levels, the attention of all those so wasting water is called to the provisions of the "Water Works Prohibition By-Law," under which parties guilty of improperly wasting water are liable on conviction to a penalty of $100.

E. A. WILMOT,
Water Commissioner.

January 27, 1893. ja28-tf

THOS. SPENCE,
Notary Public and Land Agent
KELOWNA
Okanagan Mission, B.C.
ty- aw

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Directors of the

CONSUMERS CORDAGE COMPANY, (Ltd.)

Have this day declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. for the three months ending February 1st, 1893, payable at the Head Office of the Company, Montreal, on March 1st, 1893, to shareholders of record February 20th, 1893.

The Transfer Books will be closed from this date to March 1st inclusive.

CHAS. B. MORRIS, Secretary.

Montreal, 17th February, 1893. fe28-4t

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—A good strong boy. Apply 39 Fort Street. mar3-3t

WANTED—A young girl, to do general housework. Address A. E., TIMES office. mar3-tf

WANTED—Teacher for the Hornby Island public school. Apply at once to Geo. Heatherbell, Hornby Island. fe27-6td-1tw

WANTED—Pushing Canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly. Permanent position. BROWN BROS. CO., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. m4s&w-4w

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Partner with $75.00 cash. Good paying business. Apply Friday 3 o'clock at 231 Fort Street. mar2-3t

WANTED—A five room cottage, at once centrally located. Address, A.B. TIMES Office.

WANTED—A practical and experienced hotel man to locate at Fort Sheppard, B.C. For particulars apply at the Company's Office, 25 Fort Street. Geo. Brown, Secretary. fe27-1w

WANTED—Insurance upon merchants, stocks, household goods, dwellings and stores by the Alliance Assurance Co. (capital $24,000,000). Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

WANTED—ONE THOUSAND lives to insure in the Great Western Life Assurance Co. Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

CAME to the premises of Mr. Rolland, Burnside Hotel, one bay horse with white face and one white hind leg. Owner can have by proving property and paying expenses. If not claimed within 10 days after date it will be sold by auction. Victoria, Feb. 24. 10t

LOST—A pair of gold rimmed glasses. Finder will be rewarded on leaving them at the TIMES Office. no23-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

TO LOAN—Money in large or small sums upon first mortgage by the "Yorkshire Guarantee and Securities Corporation. Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FOR SALE—American carom billiard table, in good order, with balls, cues, gas fittings, etc, complete. Apply to Secretary Union Club between 10 and 12 a.m. mar2-3t

FOR SALE—A good spring wagon with horse and harness complete for $140. Apply to Geo. Phillips, 146 Government St. f28-tf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A well bred mare in foal to Tolmie's Lollard. 58 Kings road. fe27-4w

FOR SALE—160 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ¼ mile from Saanich Arm. 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 104, Union, B.C. fe24-tf

FOR SALE—Ten acres of very fine land, suitable for chicken or small fruit ranch, all cleared, well drained and under cultivation, six miles from city, on Saanich road. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—Ten roomed house, new, two minutes from Oak Bay avenue tram line, will be sold for $1000 less than would have been taken a year ago. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry District n11-tf-d-w

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET—3 furnished bedrooms and small empty room, together or separately. Front room has cooking stove; also front parlor as bed and sitting room combined. 85 Fort St. mar2-3t

TO LET—Two or three rooms and kitchen, well furnished, 63 Superior street, ames Bay. fe23-tf

TO LET.—Twenty acres of fine "market garden" land, three miles from city. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

$10 A MONTH—Nice detatched cottages, Spring Ridge, six rooms each; this rent is very moderate. Also seven roomed house and shop. Apply C. Farrington, Spring Ridge, or Mr. Kearns on the premises. se20tf

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $200,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan3-1y

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. D. B. HOLDEN
Has opened an office at the corner of Langley and Broughton streets. f23

H. D. LEITCH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office—Driard Block, Victoria, B.C.; Telephone 420. Residence—129 Quadra Street, near North Park Street; Telephone 181. Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. fe15-tf

DR. JOHN HALL,
Homœopathist,
Has removed his office to the Five Sisters Block, 3rd floor, No. 33. Attendance from 2 till 5. fe19-1m

DR. E. C. FOOT,
B. A. and M. B., University of Dublin. Licentiate Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland. Residence, 129 Michigan Street, James Bay. Office, Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Street. de3

DRS. HALL & MACKECHNIE,
Ernest Hall, M.D., L.R.C.P., Edinburgh, Moorefields Eye Hospital; late assistant in Central Throat and Ear Hospital, London.
S. N. MacKechnie, M.B., Toronto University. Specialties—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Glasses adjusted to imperfect Vision. Artificial eyes supplied.
Office, Jewel Block, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts., Victoria.

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE,
137 Cormorant Street.

PROF. TOTTENHAM,
Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist, (Late of the Dominion Hotel) will in future receive patients at the residence of Mr. Hillyer, 55 Pandora Street. fe2-eodtf

PIANO TUNING.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

SONS OF ERIN
Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p. m. All Irishmen are invited to join.
RICHARD ACKLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y
Pride of the Island No. 131 meets second and fourth Tuesdays at 7:45 p.m., in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren cordially invited. ARTHUR LEE, P.O. Box 782. au19yr Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy23 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 126, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. R. LANGLEY, Scribe E.
i-1y

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K.
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. FFRENCH, K. of R. & S.
oct9

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

JOHN J. AUSTIN
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.C Box 80.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184, jul8

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER,
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale f22-1y

MEETINGS TO HELD.

Public Meeting.

In accordance with a resolution of the City Council, a Public Meeting will be held on Monday, the 6th inst., in the Council Chambers, City Hall, to consider the Songhees Indian Reserve question.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
Victoria, B.C., March 3, 1893.

NOTICE.

The adjourned annual general meeting of the Thunder Hill Mining Co., Ltd. will be held in the company's office, 42 Government St., on Tuesday, March 7th, at 8 p.m. Instruments of Proxy must be lodged with the Secretary 48 hours, before time of meeting.
W. H. BAINBRIDGE, Secretary.
mar3-4t

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

No. 11 Rae Street.

Applications to be made at the Home or to Mrs. D. W. HIGGINS, Cadboro Bay Road.

For fine ball programmes, invitation, wedding and visiting cards, and all kinds of commercial work, maps, checks, billheads, letter and note heads color labels, etc., etc., go to to the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets, up stairs; entrance Yates street. Orders taken at the TIMES office. *

Famous Cambridge sausages, Bologna sausages, pork pies, bacon, ham and poultry, at Whitelaw & Co's., 72 Fort street *

Rubber, wire, cocoa fibre out door mats in great variety at Weiler Bros. *

AMUSEMENTS.

And the Band Played Ole Olson!

VICTORIA THEATRE.
JUST ONE NIGHT.
WEDNESDAY, March 8

The Original and Greatest of all Scandinavian Comedy Successes,

OLE OLSON

New Songs. New Specialties. An Entire New Cast, including the

National Ladies' Swedish Quartette
FROM STOCKHOLM.
mar3-td

PHILHARMONIC HALL
SATURDAY, March 4th.

NEVADA, or the Lost Mine

By Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Society.

Nevada will be preceded by a
MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.

The proceeds to be given to Mrs. J. Harris, whose husband was killed in the late explosion at Tumbo Island.
Admission 50 and 25 cents. See small bills.
mar2-3t

ENTERTAINMENT

Will be held in the Hall of the 1st Presbyterian Church, under the auspices of the Literary Association,
Monday, March 6th, at 8 p. m.
Programme and Refreshments.
Admission 25 cents. mar3-3t

St. Patrick's Day Celebration
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE SONS OF ERIN.

CONCERT

At Victoria Theatre, on
17th March.

Benefit of Orphans of St. Ann and Protestant Orphans' Home.
Under the patronage of Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney.
Admission, 50 cents. mar2-td

The Daily Times.

THE NEW PRESIDENT.

President Cleveland's inaugural address will gratify those who have been led by his past record to credit him with honesty, manliness, moral courage and sagacity. He most distinctly and emphatically takes his stand with the friends and advocates of pure and honest government, and against the political elements that make for self-seeking and corruption. We should suppose that Mr. Cleveland's utterances would be none too pleasant hearing for the Tammany men who furnished so large a part of the display in his honor, for the principles he enunciated find little favor with the class which Tammany represents. There is no uncertainty or indefiniteness about the new President's declarations in favor of honest government and against the spoils system. He is equally pronounced on the question of sound currency. His denunciation of trusts and combinations as inimical to the interests of the people is clear and strong. On the all-important question of the tariff his attitude is quite unmistakable. Protection for protection's sake he regards as a pernicious principle, though he takes care to say that tariff reform will not be effected violently or vindictively. There is no room for doubt that if the new President gets his way the United States will enjoy the blessings of lightened taxation, a sound currency and an efficient and honest civil service. To those who remember Mr. Cleveland's past record it will be apparent that he is most likely to have his own way to a very large extent, in spite of what his political opponents or a section of his own party may do in opposition. The people of the United States, we should suppose, will regard their new President's inaugural address as a frank, fearless and statesmanlike utterance.

THE EMPIRE INQUIRES.

There is a certain amount of light thrown upon the Government's tariff policy by the publication of the following circular, which has apparently been addressed to eastern manufacturers, and a copy of which by some means found its way to the Hamilton Times:—

"Toronto, February 20, 1893.—The recent defeat of the Republican party in the United States has precipitated a formidable agitation here for sweeping away the Protection our native industries have enjoyed for the past 14 years, and which has done so much to build them up. The announcement of the Finance Minister has postponed legislative action on tariff matters till the next session of the House, but the free trade agitation will now be carried on with redoubled vigor, and the intervening time will be the most critical for the National Policy that it has ever had to encounter. The Empire has, during the past five years, been fighting the battles of our industries against those who would smash them, and in the impending struggle will continue to do so, but that we may do so with the greatest effect, we desire to have as great a knowledge of the condition of our various industries as it is possible to obtain. Will you kindly let me know, not for publication, but for information, in connection with the line you represent, whether a reduction of duty might be made without prejudicially affecting your business, or are you in a position to stand alone, as it is claimed our 'infant industries' ought now to? do If the protection now afforded ought to remain as high as it is, briefly state reasons, and oblige, yours faithfully, D. Creighton, Manager, Empire."

It is safe to say that the Empire will not take much pains to investigate the other side of the tariff question. Indeed the consumer's attitude, to judge from the circular, has already been clearly enough defined to suit its authors. The results of the Empire's enquiry will be of very great interest to the public if they are ever made known.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A return showing the revenue collected at Ainsworth, Kootenay, under the different heads of revenue for the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1892; also for the half-year ending 31st December, 1892, was presented to the Legislature on Friday, as follows:

	1891-92.	July-Dec. 1892.
Free Miners' Certificates....	$2,813 00	$1,409 00
Mining Receipts, General...	2,130 75	1,942 25
Licenses....	1,252 50	910 00
Fines....	117 50	21 00
Provincial Revenue Tax....	972 00	657 00
Miscellaneous Receipts.....	1 00	5 00
Total.....	$7,316 75	$4,944 25

Mr. William Edwards, who came to look at Canada as a Welsh tenant-farmer delegate, has been reporting the results of his investigation, and one portion of his remarks is thus quoted in the Canadian Gazette: "Referring to British Columbia, Mr. Edwards said the Chinese did all the rough work, and in every place he visited they were treated as one of the family. There was a capital opening in the province for a market gardener, and it was a fact that snow had not been seen in that part of the Dominion for 20 years." Somebody must have been "stuffing" Mr. Edwards in a fearful and wonderful fashion.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled

Nothing more has been done in the matter of the steamer J. R. McDonald.

The new whaleback Everett now building will, it is given out, enter the Chinese trade. Great care is being taken in building her. For instance, to avoid danger of her pounding there will be a space of 42 inches between her outide plates and inside bottom. In this space will be ten tanks with a capacity of 2000 tons. They can be filled or emptied in three hours.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

Sad Mishap to a Well-known Vancouverite ---Haytian Republic's Case.

VANCOUVER, March 4.—A. O. Leask, customs broker, shot himself seriously, possibly fatally, at noon to-day. He went out to shoot a dog, and returning to the house with the revolver in his hand, slipped on the steps and fell. The weapon, a self-cocking pistol, went off. The bullet penetrated the abdomen coming out at the back between the ribs. The effects of the shot cannot be ascertained for 24 hours.

The steamer Haytian Republic was seized by Sheriff McMillan yesterday afternoon for claims of Green, Worlock & Company, and John Wilson, Victoria, aggregating $14,000. The captain left by the steamer Mamie for Victoria this morning.

Inland revenue returns for Vancouver division for February were $5733; a decrease of $700 from the corresponding month last year.

Campbell Sweeny, manager of the Bank of Montreal, returned from Montreal to-day.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

BILLIARDS.

THE LAST GAMES.

The English billiard tournament at the Hotel Victoria was brought to a close last evening, when Hilton defeated Steinfelt (250 237) and was then defeated by Patterson (250 249). Patterson took first prize and Hilton second.

THE RING.

RESPECTS MITCHELL'S ABILITY.

Omaha, March 4.—Jas. J. Corbett arrived here yesterday. "I am conscious," he said last night, "that Mitchell will give me the hardest fight I've ever had. He is a fighter of more than ordinary skill and courage. Of course I believe I shall win, but I shall not neglect anything that will add to my fitness for the event. I shall train with the utmost care, and it shall not be my fault if I lose." The champion was asked his opinion of the Sullivan-Mitchell conversation at St. Louis. He seemed to take it as a great joke. "I don't want to say anything about it," he said, "for I don't feel that it is necessary. "There is no man on earth who can point to anything that I ever did that was not on the level, and I prefer to let my record speak for itself. Between you and me, I think if Sullivan adds the British Jack to his colors it would be very appropriate. I was sorry to learn of Tommy Ryan's mishap. Ryan is a game little man, and did not deserve any such bad luck. I am looking for a great fight between Hall and Fitzsimmons, and it would be hard to pick the winner. I think that the two men are pretty evenly matched, and that neither has a cinch on the $40,000.

Sample Chocolate Free.

A postal card addressed to C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal, will secure you samples of Menier's delicious imported Chocolate, with directions for using.

Russell & McDonald's Address

Is 134 Douglas street.

Cavin Bros., 94 Douglas street, are selling boots and shoes at cost for CASH for 30 days. *

The funeral of the late May Mesher took place this afternoon.

$1 Women and Girls' Shoes $1

At Russell & McDonald's.

Indestructible lath and wire chicken fencing, 18 cents per yard at McLennan and McFeely's.

GRIP AND PASSWORD.

Doings Among the Local Lodges of Secret Societies During the Past Week.

Grand Lodge Officers A.O.U.W. Preparing to Leave for Meeting at Chilliwhack.

The Ancient Order of Foresters of this city find their order booming, members are being introduced every meeting and the two courts are vieing with each other as to which make their meetings most interesting. The ladies' branch is now all the talk, about 100 persons have signed the charter roll for the establishment of the same, and there is already quite a little competition as to being favorites for the offices. The juvenile branch are about learning single stick and drill exercises, and the uniform rank of the order is receiving some attention, while their spacious hall on Government street will undergo a course of recarpeting and decorating.

A.O.U.W.

The Grand Lodge officers and delegates are arranging to go to Chilliwack for the Grand Lodge meeting which takes place on Monday, 13th inst. Among those who will go up are: G. Leiser, H. Jewell, Captain Warren, C. Sayers, Ald. Bragg, McGregor, Clark, Dinsdale, Wm. Jackson, J. H. Freeman and J. T. McIlmoyl. The usual annual business will keep the lodge busy about three days.

Victoria Lodge meets next Wednesday evening and Sullivan and Vancouver lodges meet on Friday night.

A. F. AND A. M.

Victoria-Columbia Lodge met on Thursday evening and disposed of routine business. The first degree was conferred on two candidates and the second degree was conferred on one.

Columbia Royal Arch Chapter will meet next week to receive the applications of three candidates and confer degrees.

Western Gate preceptory meets on Tuesday evening the 14th inst.

K. OF P.

Sunset Lodge, No. 10., K. of P. at last Tuesday's convention conferred the rank of page on three new candidates.

A number of the Knights of this lodge visited Far West last evening and assisted the grand officers and Knights of that lodge in the destruction, by burning, of the old rituals.

Next Tuesday being Sunset's first anniversary, it is the intention of the lodge to hold an impromptu concert in the castle hall, to which an invitation is extended to Far West and all visiting Knights.

A special convention will be held on Thursday evening next, for the conferring of ranks, as so many applications for membership have been coming in that it is impossible to get through the work at the regular convention.

Grand Chancellor J. M. Hughes, Grand Keeper of Record and Seal W. K. Leighton, Grand Master-at-Arms J. C. Byrne and Colonel H. F. W. Behnsen paid an official visit to Far West Lodge, No. 1, last evening.

The rank of Page was conferred on one candidate at the last meeting of Far West Lodge. Next Friday the rank of Page will be conferred.

The ceremony of burning the old rituals was performed at Far West Lodge on Friday night under the supervision of the grand officers.

The subordinate lodges on the mainland visited by the grand officers were found in a flourishing condition. In all the cities visited the grand officers were received in a very cordial manner.

Colonel H. F. W. Behnsen last week inspected New Westminster division, No. 3, Uniform Rank, and Vancouver City division, No. 4. The divisions are progressing favorably and are preparing for the competitive drill to be held in New Westminster next June. At the drill a silk banner will be offered as a prize by the Grand Lodge, and a sword will be given by Colonel Behnsen to the best drilled division.

I. O. O. F.

Victoria Lodge, No. 1., met last Monday evening and transacted regular business. Committees upon the admission of two candidates reported favorably and the candidates were balloted for and elected. A humorous reading of the third number of the "Kicker" by the editor, Bro. J. Mc. Jones, followed the initiation. The lodge is in a very flourishing condition and on the 10th of this month celebrates its 29th birthday, this being the mother lodge of Odd Fellows in this province.

Canton Victoria No. 1, P. M., held their semi-weekly meeting last Saturday evening, when considerable business was gone through with, after which the members were drilled by Lieut. Blanchard. The Canton will meet for drill this evening at 7:30. All members are required to attend.

C. O. O. F.

The regular meeting of Fernwood Lodge was held last evening, Brother Snider in the chair. There was a large attendance of members and visiting brothers. Among the latter were Bro. Blake, P.N.G., Secretary Carter and Bro. McKay of Pride of the West Lodge, who attended on behalf of the entertainment to be given this evening for the benefit of Mrs. Harris, widow of a late brother. A concert and dance will be held on the 6th of April, tickets for which can be obtained from Bros. Geo. Phillips and S. Shore. Officers for the ensuing term were nominated.

THE B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

There was no lack of business before the B. C. St. George's Society last night. The committee's report as to placing the society on a fresh footing was laid over to be dealt with by the yearly meeting in April, on the motion of Mr. C. E. Redfern, seconded by Mr. Haynes. Another special committee meeting on the question will be held on Friday next at the Pioneer Hall. Some letters that had passed between one of the St. George's Societies and the secretary of Alexandra Lodge, S.O.E.B.S., upon a remark of the latter's as to the recognition of the S.O.E.B.S. lodges were then read. It was deemed best that the calling of a public meeting should be settled by the yearly meeting, especially as the foreign power in question was being less swayed by reckless counsels than at first seemed to be the case.

OPENING OF NEW COURT OF I.O.F.

The good work begun in earnest by Court Deputy Grant in establishing a new court of I.O.F. has done much to arouse the attention of all thoughtful men who wish to secure a benefit to themselves and a source of comfort to those depending on them. The I.O.F. ranks among the first insurance institutions. It was founded in 1874 and incorporated in 1881; it has a membership of nearly 45,000 and a reserve fund of $557,822.24; it is based on the cash principle. Therefore, each member fully enjoys its privileges. The unique position which the I.O.F. has, with shrewdness, taken up, must commend itself highly to all thinking men. The easy way of securing a competence for the time of need, places it within the reach of all; also the advantage of social intercourse. It is established in England and attended with great success; also in Australia, New Zealand and the United States. Court Deputy Grant requests all brothers of Court Cariboo to be at their room at 7 o'clock in the evening, and all who has signed the roll for membership in the new court to be at Court Cariboo's lodge in St. George's Hall, Bastion street, at 8 o'clock, sharp, on March 8th, 1893. It is earnesly hoped all brothers will attend the opening of the new court.

GYMNASTICS FOR LADIES.

A Class of Young Ladies Begin Systematic Exercise at the Y.M.C.A.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. John St. Clair gave instruction to a large class of young ladies at the Y.M.C.A., the subjects taught being dumb bells, Indian clubs, calisthenics and the extension motions, in fact the preliminary lesson in a course of carefully graded light gymnastics. Mrs. Lewis Hall was the originator of the idea, and she deserves great credit for providing so pleasant and profitable a pastime for the young ladies. Needless to remark, the pupils take to the work with unbounded enthusiasm, and there is every probability that Mr. St. Clair will find the room well crowded next instruction day. The class days are Tuesday and Friday, from 2 to 3 o'clock in the afternoon; no charge is made for instruction, and all ladies who wish to join should apply to Mrs. Lewis Hall, who will gladly give all particulars.

Mr. St. Clair is well qualified to impart instruction in gymnastics, having had ample experience in the British army, probably the best school in the world. He is a retired officer of the 71st Highland Light Infantry, and is thoroughly imbued with the military system of teaching the various arts of which he is master. Mr. St. Clair's advent in Victoria was hailed with pleasure by the amateur athletes, as the want of a properly qualified, intelligent and gentlemanly trainer and instructor has been severely felt.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

The Christy Minstrel entertainment will be rehearsed this evening.

A well attended entertainment was given in Calvary Baptist church last night.

Provincial Officer McNeill is expected to return this evening by the steamer Maude.

In the police court this morning Thos. Coghley, drunk, was corrected and discharged.

The American flag floats over Green, Worlock & Co.'s bank to-day in honor of Inauguration day.

At a public meeting at the City Hall on Monday evening the Songhees Indian reserve question will be discussed.

The March number of Lynch's Ready guide is just published. It contains the usual compendium of serviceable information.

Temperance mass meeting in First Presbyterian church on Monday afternoon. Dr. Campbell and Rev. J. E. Coombes will speak.

Preparations are being pushed forward for the tug-of-war in the Market building April 3. Eleven silver medals and a purse of $100 are offered.

The services at East Fernwood Hall suspended during the late severe weather will be resumed to-morrow when the Rev. Mr. Higgins of Ontario will preach at the usual hour 7 p. m.

There has been a good sale of tickets for the dramatic entertainment in Philharmonic hall this evening. The proceeds go to the widow of Engineer Harris, killed at the Tumbo Island explosion.

The ladies of the Reformed Episcopal church intend to give an entertainment on Wednesday evening, March 8th, in the schoolroom at the corner of Maclure and Humboldt streets. A very fine programme is being prepared. Refreshments will be served by the ladies.

The Columbia River Salmon Canners' Association has been broken. It fell through differences between the lower and upper river men. Astoria got eight representatives on the board of directors, while Portland got only one. The old feeling of hatred between the two towns caused distrust.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Snow! Slush! Cough! LANGLEY'S Balsam of Aniseed! Cured!

THE VANCOUVER BY-LAWS.

The Divisional Court is Unanimous in Deciding That the By-Laws Are Invalid.

The Appeal Sustained With Costs—Full Text of Mr. Justice Walkem's Judgment.

The divisional court to-day gave a unanimous judgment reversing the decision of Mr. Justice Drake by holding that the by-laws passed by the city of Vancouver for the subsidy of $300,000 to the Northern Pacific railway were bad. The chief justice's judgment was not quite ready for publication, nor was Mr. Justice Crease's, but The Times reporter who was present got Mr. Justice Walkem's, which was complete, and is as follows:

The city of Vancouver has a special legislative charter, 49 Vic., c. 32. Under that charter, a money by-law, No. 159, was passed and assented to by the electors, to come into force on the 10th of October, 1892. Its object was to aid the "Burrard Inlet and Fraser River Valley Railway Co.," with a subsidy of $300,000, provided the company perfected and secured traffic arrangements, for a period of forty years, with the Northern Pacific railway in the adjoining State of Washington.

Later on, in 1892, two further by-laws, Nos. 166, 167, having the like object and authorizing the like subsidy, were passed and assented to. They, however, respectively, cut down the term of forty years, mentioned in No. 159, to twenty, in order to conform, as counsel explained, to the provision of sec. 77 of the British Columbia Railway Act of 1890, which was, that no agreement as to traffic arrangements made between railway companies should extend beyond twenty-one years.

A motion to quash by-law No. 167 was made before my brother Drake, on two grounds; and after argument the rule was discharged, and the by-law sustained; hence this appeal.

One of the two grounds was abandoned before us, and the remaining one—a concise legal point—was that as the by-law purported to alter bylaw No. 159 by substituting the term of 20 years for that of forty, and by correspondingly changing the time for payment of the subsidy, it was *ultra vires*, as being contrary to sec. 128 of the city's charter, which is as follows:—

"Every by-law for raising, upon the credit of the city any money not required for its ordinary expenditure, and not payable within the same municipal year, shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the city in the manner provided in this act; and when such assent is received, no such by-law shall be altered, amended, or repealed by the council, except as hereinafter provided." The language of the first part of this enactment is not well chosen, for any one familiar with the municipal system knows that a money, or other, by-law is "passed," when it receives its last reading in the council and is concurred in by the Mayor or other presiding officer; but here, "before the final passing," the assent of the electors is to be obtained. As the section proceeds, it says that no such by-law—when so assented to—shall be altered or repealed "by the council." But, said Mr. McColl, it does not say that it may not be altered or repealed by the council and electors. The answer is that the council, as a legislative body, is clearly prohibited from initiating or passing any measure of repeal or amendment; and, of course, in the absence of such a measure there would be nothing for the electors to assent to. The rest is clear—no money by-law shall be altered or repealed "except as hereinafter provided." The words "hereinafter provided" are fully satisfied by section 134, upon which nothing else turns.

The alteration, therefore,—and it is sufficient to find that there was one, without discussing it,—of by-law No. 159, as attempted to be affected by the impeached by-law was ultra-vires; hence the latter is invalid.

I was, I may state, contended that if this were so, every newly-fledged municipality would have larger powers than the city, as it could, under the general "Municipal Act, 1892," amend or repeal any of its money by-laws; and that the absurdity of the thing, as well as the rule that a liberal construction should be given to powers conferred upon municipalities, ought to be considered by the court. But liberality beyond a precise statutory limit is not within the power of a court to concede. Nor fail, also, to find anything absurd in the distinctive powers referred to. Even if an absurdity did exist, "If the words of an act," as observed by Lord Esher in the case of The Queen vs. the Judge of the City of London Court (1892, 1 Q.B.D., 290) are clear, you must follow them, even though they lead to a manifest absurdity. The court has nothing to do with the question whether the Legislature has committed an absurdity." No words can be clearer than the prohibitive words of section 129—"no such by-law shall be altered, amended or repealed by the council." Hence, the reference which has been made to the general Municipal Act to explain them was wholly superfluous, as they are incapable of two interpretations. It follows that the decision upholding By-law No. 167 must be reversed with costs, including the costs of the court below; and, as I understand it, By-law 166 falls with it.

Spiritualism.

Public meeting at Pioneer Hall, Broad street, Sunday evening at 7:30. Mrs. C. Mayo-Steers, teacher, (under control). Short address followed by psychometric readings.

Social Dance.

A social dance will be held in the Harmony hall on Saturday evening at 8:30. Admission gents, 50 cents; ladies free. *

Charts, tide tables, nautical books and almanacks at J. Johnson & Co. *

If you only knew how nice it is—Tamilkaude Tea.

Adjourned Till Thursday.

Owing to the illness of McKay, one of the defendants in the case of the N. E. T. & L. Co., Ltd., against Patterson and McKay, the further taking of evidence was to-day postponed till Thursday next.

Bonds Secured.

The steamer Haytien Republic, which was libelled at Vancouver yesterday by Sheriff McMillan, at the instance of Major Wilson for a debt of $9,020 and Green, Worlock & Co. for a debt of $4,020, arrived at the outer wharf to-day. Capt. Struve made arrangements for bonds and the steamer will be released.

Puget Sound Freights.

Lumber freights have improved materially from Puget Sound to Australia, brought about by some competition, quotations being at present from 38s 9d to £2. Rates are: United Kingdom, calling at Cork for orders, 50s; Shanghai, 50s; Yokohoma, nominal. Coal freights are quoted: To San Francisco, $1.80 to $2; to San Diego or San Pedro, $2.25 to $2.50. For wheat the demand for vessels is light, at quotations from £1 for large iron vessels to £1 1s 3d for small ones.

An Enjoyable Evening Promised.

A large and varied programme has been arranged for the entertainment at the First Presbyterian on Monday night, when some of the best local talent will take part, including the choir leaders of three evangelical churches—Mr. Brown, First Presbyterian; Mr. Firth, Pandora Methodist; and Mr. Watson, Calvary Baptist. There will also be a variety of instrumental music from the stirring strains of the bagpipes to the softer tones of the piano and guitar. Refreshments are to be served at the close of the programme.

The Pulpit Will Hold Them.

Your acquaintances may fill the church, but the pulpit will hold all your friends. It is sometimes hard to discriminate between friends und acquaintances: your friends are those that benefit you, we are the friends of the public, we benefit them; we sell them boots and shoes for half the price charged by other dealers. That is a real benefit, the advantege of it. Russell, McDonald & Co., 134 Douglas street.

Pleasantly Surprised.

The former pupils of Mr. E. J. O'Sullivan, of the National Business College surprised that gentleman and his wife last evening by inviting them down to the Hotel Victoria where a grand spread awaited the party. A splendid time was passed, felicitous speeches made and all hands enjoyed the occasion immensely. Mr. and Mrs. O'Sullivan were very greatly pleased with this manifestation of friendship and esteem.

Presentation of Prizes.

Prizes were awarded to the St. Andrew's church Sunday school children last night. A progromme was presented as follows: Piano solo, Miss Eva McFarland; recitation, Miss Elsie Paterson; song, Miss J. Fraser; dramatic sketch, Messrs. Anderson and Tiedemann; pianoforte duet, Misses Schroeder and Russell; recitation, Gertie McFarland; violin solo, Miss Brown; song Mr. G. W. McCulloch; pianoforte solo, Miss A. Russell, recitation, Miss Agnes Webster; song, Miss Hutcheson.

For the South.

Every berth on the steamer Walla Walla was engaged for her trip to San Francisco on which she started to-day. There were more passengers than there has been on a San Francisco steamer for a long while. Her cabin passengers from Victoria were: Dr. R. F. Verrinder and wife, Rev. G. Hampson-Hemus and wife, R. W. Leeming, A. B. Townsend, Mrs. A. E. Verrinder and children, Miss C. Ellis, Miss D. Young, Mrs. H. Young, W. H. Kerr, C. Pike, J. R. Robertson, Mrs. R. Martin and child, E. E. Evans, A. J. Holmes, and Miss Ray Morris. The Walla Walla took 1700 tons of freight.

A Literary Treat.

A lecture and readings are to be given by Rev. Dr. George in Centennial Methodist Church on Monday evening next. Dr. George is one of the most eminent men in the Methodist Episcopal Church on the Sound and pastor of the largest Methodist Church in Seattle. He is a lecturer and reader of unusual power, and is certain to give great pleasure to all who hear him. His lecture will consist largely of selections of prose and poetry. Dr. George also preaches missionary sermons in Centennial Church on Sunday morning, and in Pandora Avenue Church on Sunday evening next.

Cruise of the Manzanita.

The U. S. lighthouse tender Manzanita commanded by Captain Gregory and with Capt. Farenhalt, inspector of the thirteenth lighthouse district aboard arrived in the harbor this morning from the Sound. She came after the whistling buoy off Umatilla Reef which the Mascotte picked up in Barclay Sound. She will not take it away however, as the terms for the payment of the services of the Mascotte have not been arranged. She leaves to-morrow morning for Bell Rock, Rosario Straits, to place a first-class can buoy. After that she goes to the Sound again. The Manzanita came up the coast last Monday. Capt. Gregory says the weather was beautiful. He anchored that night inside of Destruction Island. He saw no sealers. The Manzanita is one of the best pieces of marine property Uncle Sam has for she works in all weather and has not been in need of any repairs for five years. She carries twenty-four men all told.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and from the City and Province.

E. J. Palmer, Chemainus, is at the Driard.

P. Hickey returned from Seattle yesterday.

W. K. Leighton, of Nanaimo, is in the city.

Thos. W. Glaholm is down from Nanaimo.

John Teague came home from the Sound yesterday.

E. E. Evans was a passenger for San Francisco to-day.

Capt. H. H. Lloyd of Port Townsend is at the Oriental.

James Dean returned last evening from the Mainland.

R. V. Winch and wife of Vancouver are at the Victoria.

Dr. Lewis Hall went over to the Mainland this morning.

Prof. H. S. Sharpe came over from the Sound last evening.

Captain H. Struve of the Haytien Republic is in the city.

J. Kirkup, provincial officer for East Kootenay, is in the city.

Mrs. H. Young and Miss Dora Young left this morning for California.

Rev. G. Hampson-Hemus and wife left for San Francisco this morning.

Mr. Dearberg, collector of municipal revenue, road and dog taxes, etc., has resigned.

Rev. W. P. George, D.D., of Seattle, and Mrs. George, arrived from the Sound yesterday.

G. Leiser, Mrs. Leiser and Miss Leiser returned last evening from a trip through California.

W. H. Dorman, assistant P. O. Inspector returned last evening from a trip to the Mainland.

Dr. R. F. Verrinder and bride and Mrs. A. E. Verrinder and children left for California to-day.

Rev. Dr. George and Mrs. George of Seattle are the guests of Mrs. J. W. Williams of Blanchard street.

C. E. Jones is rapidly convalescing at St. Joseph's hospital, where he has been confined during the past three weeks. It is expected that he will be about again next week.

Dr. R. F. Verrinder left Victoria for San Francisco this morning to conclude the administration of his diseased brother's estate. He leaves our congenial clime with sincerest regrets and will hasten his return to assist his brother, Dr. A. E. Verrinder, in their extensive practice of dentistry and oral surgery.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Where, When and by Whom Divine Worship Will be Held To-morrow.

St. Saviour's, Victoria West—Services at 11 a.m. (Holy Communion) and 7 p. m. Rev. W. D. Barber.

Spiritualist services will be held Sunday evening at 7:30 in Pioneer Hall, Broad street. Mrs. C. Mayo Steers, teacher.

Pandora avenue Methodist—Missionary anniversary services. 11 a.m., Rev. J. Hall of Vancouver. 7 p.m. Rev. Dr. George of Seattle.

His Lordship Bishop Lemmens will most likely occupy the pulpit at St. Andrew's Roman Catholic cathedral at high mass to morrow morning.

Calvary Baptist church — Morning theme: "Scriptural grounds for the assumption, that the church of Christ is the only visible reliable expounder of the word of God." Evening theme: "Finding the Key," first in a series of sermon-lectures on the Apocalypse.

Centennial Methodist Church, Gorge Road. Missionary anniversary services. Sermons will be preached, 11 a. m., Rev. W. P. George, D.D., of Seattle, Wash.; 7 p. m., Rev. Jos. Hall, of Vancouver, B. C.; Sunday school at 2:30 p. m.; Lieut. Stillman, of H.M.S. Hyacinth, is expected to address the children.

Verrinder-Harrison.

Dr. R. F. Verrinder and Miss Edith May Harrison, youngest daughter of Mr. Eli Harrison, Sr., were married this morning at Christ Church Cathedral, by Rev. Canon Beanlands. The ceremony was a very quiet one, only a few relatives of the contracting parties being present. Dr. and Mrs. Verrinder left for California this morning.

Should be Freely Patronized.

The benefit at Philharmonic Hall this evening, tendered to Mrs. J. Harris, should be well attended. The stirring drama Nevada will be played by the Victoria West amateurs. It has been carefully rehearsed and will be fittingly costumed.

A $300 Robbery.

R. A. Cunningham, Yates street, was robbed on Thursday afternoon. The family were all out. The robbers burst open the back premises and carried away $300 worth of jewelry. It is thought that they left for the Sound the same evening. None of the articles have been pawned here.

A Reported Resignation.

It is understood that Major Nicholles of the B.C.B.G.A., has resigned his commission. The Major being absent from the city to-day, it was impossible to verify the report.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

Spencer's Arcade.

NEW SPRING GOODS JUST COMMENCING TO COME IN.

PRINTS—Some splendid patterns, all fast colors.
GINGHMAS and Oxford Shirtings.
FLANELETTES—New styles. Some very neat patterns and colorings.
DE LAINES—The first shipment.
TWEEDS—Choice patterns for early Spring Gowns.
EMBROIDERIES—Different to any before shown.
VEILINGS.

The above are all to hand this week.

D. SPENCER, Government St., Victoria.

5c Manchester Prints for 5c

Per yard at Russell & McDonald's.

R. G. Dun & Co.

The firm of Dun, Wiman & Co., represented in Victoria by Mr. C. F. Jones, will hereafter be known as R. G. Dun & Co. Mr. Erastus Wiman has severed his connection with the firm.

P. O. Home Plans.

The plans for the new Protestant Orphans Home must be in by Monday. An uninterested architect from Vancouver is to judge the plans, and as soon as he has given his decision arrangements will be made to commence work.

Died Last Night.

Seymour Smith, aged 29, and a native of Victoria, died at the residence of his mother, Mrs. John Smith, Fort street, last night. Deceased has been ill for twelve months past. He was a brother of assistant City Treasurer Smith and of J. T. Smith, of the post-office.

To Join the Sealing Fleet.

The machinery of the steam schooner Mischief is being repaired. The work will be completed in about a week, and then the vessel will refit for a sealing cruise, departing for the west coast to get Indians about March 15th. Capt. Petit has been quite sick, but hopes to be able to take the schooner.

The Port Angeles Excursion.

The steamship Umatilla, which left San Francisco yesterday, has aboard an excursion party for Port Angeles. The trip is being made in honor of the fact that the Pacific Coast Steamship Co.'s boats will from now on stop at Port Angeles. It is expected that the excursionists will come to Victoria.

Here to Locate.

Mr. Keith Jones, who is connected with the Canada Western railway project, arrived in the city last evening from the east. He is a guest at the Victoria and is here to stay. He was formerly a resident of Seattle, where he was connected with the Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern Railway, now a part of the Northern Pacific system.

Insurance Men.

Whitney Palache, of San Francisco, special agent of the Hartford Insurance Company, is making an inspection tour of the provincial cities, visiting the fire departments and offices of the company. He is now on the mainland. T. L. Morrisey, manager of the Canadian branch of the Union Assurance Society of London, is in the city on a similar mission.

The Hyacinth's Movements.

H. M. S. Hyacinth returned to Esquimalt early yesterday morning, having been out since 2 o'clock the preceding afternoon for a test of her new gun carriages and for some firing practice. Her steering apparatus and some of her machinery were also tested. Everything proved satisfactory. The vessel will dock to be cleaned and painted, and will leave here about April 2 on her cruise.

Rise and Fall of Stock.

Next Wednesday up goes the price of boots and shoes 50 per cent. and down goes the price in clothing at Russell & McDonald's.

Pocket knives and scissors at McLennan & McFeeley's. *

Dun, Wiman & Co.

Notice is hereby given that by mutual consent the connection of Mr. Erastus Wiman with the business of Dun, Wiman & Co., has been terminated. The style of firm hereafter will be R. G. Dunn & Co.

R. G. DUNN & CO.,
per C. F. Jones,
Dated February 20th, 1893. Manager.
mar4-1t

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practicle experience of over 25 years. mar4

Special Sale
—OF—
TEAPOTS
Reduced Prices
FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

WE have just opened and have now on view in our south window the finest selection of ENGLISH JET TEA POTS that has ever been shown in this Province.

For durability and appearance this is the only first-class Tea Pot to use.

This Special Sale of this line enables you to procure a high class article at a very low cost.

The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Co.

TELEPHONE 28

You Give the Order
We do the Rest

HENRY SAUNDERS, Nos. 31 & 49 Johnson St.
The Choicest Stock of GROCERIES in B.C.
fe27-eod-tf

CALL IN AND EXAMINE OUR NEW SYSTEM
5 PER CENT. RETURNED
ON ALL AND EVERY PURCHASE MADE AT
Franck's Grocery
COR. FORT & QUADRA STS
TELEPHONE 1204.
DESPATCH USED ? LIVERY OF GOODS.

Write to the
NATIONAL Business College
VICTORIA, B. C.
For Circulars.
FOUR COMPLETE COURSES:
Commercial, Shorthand, English, Penmanship. Day and Night Schools.

NEW GOODS
FOR Spring AND Summer
JUST RECEIVED.
A. GREGG & SON,
Tailors, 62 Yates St.
mar2-1m

FOR THE NORTH
The Steamer
BARBARA BOSCOWITZ
—WILL SAIL ON—
SATURDAY, March 4th,
AT 6 P. M.
From Porter's Wharf for Fort Simpson, Naas and way ports.
For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN
mar2 22 Trounce Avenue.

PETERBORO Open, Sailing, Paddling and Hunting
CANOES.
For sale on the monthly instalment plan. For prices and terms apply at 18 TROUNCE AVENUE, and secure one in the first shipment. fe24-1m

INCIDENTS OF TRAVEL.

A Cuban Ollapodrida—The Ancient Cuban Inn—The Women Workers and Shoppers.

Odd Cooking Facilities—Quaint and Winsome Cuban Hamlets—Night Harbor Scene.

Correspondence of the TIMES.

London, Feb. 20.—You are always received at the century-old bodega y posada or inn of Cuba as a person of great distinction. This, however, is wholly in the ethical sense. It in no wise betters the quality of your food; ministers to your bodily needs; or clears the filth, fleas and cobwebs from your dim old alcobas. An out-of-the-way inn in Cuba is a shelter much inferior to a night in the open air. Mine host will dance all around you with ineffable welcomes. He will call upon all the saints to guard you. He will protest endlessly, "My house is thine!" Then he will go to sleep. He awakens just before you depart, and showers blessings and bills upon you. If in the meantime you have got anything but quaint and laughable studies, you are in truth a born diplomat.

The country roads of Cuba crook and turn to avoid obstacles, just as the Cuban will do six days' labor to avoid one. "Beware of pantanos!" is the warning heard from every tongue throughout the day. The "pantanos" are sinks in the clay soil where one's animal plunges from perfectly solid footing fairly out of sight. The "pantanos" are bad enough, but the desechos (literally, refusals; avoidances;) are worse. These are ways cut around impassable places involving serious riding through bogs and jungles, and not infrequent goings astray in the dense forest.

The fences of these remarkable "roads" are curious affairs. Frequently they are of the Spanish bayonet, and the hemiquen with a broad leaf and barbed point six inches long, strong enough to impale your horse. Again, strips of stone fence will be seen. Others are of pina de raton, or bastard pine-apple. But the larger number are of pinones botija. Green limbs are cut from this, and when thrust into the ground grow instantly and luxuriously. Between the branches the vejuco de angarilla, a hardy vine, is planted. This weaves itself through and through the hedge in all manner of fantastic and tightening freaks; and as it bears a lovely purple blossom, this fence is always strikingly beautiful to the eye.

One class you will miss in Cuba—not only in the shops, but everywhere else—is the women workers. The most sensible and often the handsomest of women can be found occupying places of trust in American mercantile establishments and offices. In all Havana but one place is noticed where white women are employed. This is a modiste's on Calle de Obispo; and these are a scraggy lot indeed. Women in Cuba are ladies, washerwomen or demi-monde. Shopping is done by the fair senoras or senoritas in the afternoon, and one will then certainly see beautiful women. They are neither flippant nor trifling in their purchases as in some countries. No salesman would dare gossip with them; suggest for them; or chattingly enter upon discussion of their affairs. Nor do they inform shop keepers of their own or their neighbors' intentions. They seem to know just what they want and go straightway and get it. The turnouts are very gay; thousands of women meet, mingle and pass greetings; but there seems to be a general understanding that a shop is not just the place in which ladies should entertain one another. This may arise from the fact that Spanish women are well bred. And well bred women set some store upon their own dignity and the home.

There being neither stoves nor fireplaces in Cuba, the question of cooking fires becomes an odd one. In the cities all cooking is done on charcoal urns, in the larger establishments these often being arranged in the form of masive charcoal ranges. But in remote country places a little padoga-like corner is built next the house, or a detached structure, not unlike an American farmer's large smoke house is seen. Here the fire is built squarely upon the ground, or upon, or within, rude stone bases, and the smoke ascends at will, usually finding vent underneath raised roofs.

In this primitive cocina or kitchen, the guarda candela (literally candle or fire guard) is always smouldering. It is practically the fire place "black-log" of our olden days of our Cuban country home. If it should happen to go out, which is seldom permitted as unhappy superstititions attach to the fact, on discovery it is instantly relighted from flint-and-steel sparks struck into branches of corn tassels or dry and splintered leaves of the palm.

At the old Cuban town of Guines, which is scarcely more than a village, the loiterer has much to study and enjoy. It is more Moorish than Havana; more Doric than any village of the Holy Land; and as pretty as a rose-embowered garden. No hamlet in Europe that I have ever seen furnishes such quaint old corners, or, when the eye and mind tire of these, gives in every direction across its marvelous valley such enchanting prospects. The untold riches of the earth far and near have set their opulent seal on all things; and one can easily imagine that the handsomest women in the world are here housed. So, too, in Guines, the Spanish idea of the constant seclusion of women is less rigorous. Balcony and portico swarm with the beauties, fair as the tropic flowers among which they smile. They are even upon the streets in dainty squads. Everywhere are song and music and flowers and women and indolence.

Seated underneath the cool porch-arches of old Posadad de Roig, what mediaval sights and groupings are beheld! There against the portals of San Julien de los Guines church is a group of lazzaroni basking in the sun as typical of all that is desperate and dolorous as Rome, Constantinople or Morocco can show. Here, beside you, are Gitani filthier and more persistent than ply their black arts in Lisbon, Madrid or Valladolid. At the mouth of that narrow calle are a dozen whites and blacks as innocent of clothing or shame as the Kanaker girls of the Solomon islands. All about, in half-caught threnodies, are sounds of music from instruments made and played precisely as when the same notes resounded among the arabesques and fret-work of the Alhambran Court of Lions half a thousand years ago. Water carriers pass with puncheons on their heads as they did in the days of Herod in Egypt. While through the medieval vision set actually before your eyes of to-day, coming to a later time and form, which yet seem but relics of dead centuries, are the ancient volantes, dragged sleepily along; caballeros and senoritas on horseback, as though a page of Don Quixote were furnished; and half-naked guajiros with ox-boats, primitive as the porterage of the ancient Goths and Huns.

At sundown in Havana harbor cannon boom from all the forts and men-of-war. Instantly every flag in the harbor is lowered. At 8 o'clock again the cannon bellow. Instantly again from hundreds of vessels come the clanging sound of "eight bells!" With these mingle the chiming of bells from a hundred churches. Far and near sound the notes of the trumpeters in the forts upon the mountains. Then for a little it seems as if deep silence came upon mountain and city and bay; and then—here a song; there the notes of a guitar; over yonder the merry click of the castinet; beyond, sailors singing roysterously or well; here again an old American accordion full of sentiment and sweetness; out there in some Scotch craft a bagpipe, softer sounding than upon shore; beyond that clump of vessels, the crew of a German man-of-war, singing as only Germans can sing, some soulful bundelslied; upon the shore near and far and all about, all manner of half-heard tones of laughter and melody, hidden and intensified in mystery and sweetness by distance and night; while from the look-outs on Moro tower, around to Jesu del Monte, and on again circling to the sea, are heard, as, in medieval days of old Spain, the chanted calls of challenging sentinels, travestying our later time with owl-like hootings from monarchy's mold and gloom.

An agreeable diversion in Cuba is participation in a genuine "cobijar" or house-raising. I was once a guest at one of these in the country region north of Trinidad. A couple had been married. About a cabelleria of land had been given them by the old montero father, and planters and yoemen alike, some from as far as twenty leagues away, among the mountains, had come to make a sort of festivity out of setting the queer home upon its legs.

Over a hundred men were here, and their little ponies were tethered for a half mile up and down the road. Two fat bullocks had been killed and roasted, and there was no end of roasted pigs and tender lambs from the mountains, with all sorts of unnamable Cuban country dishes. Perhaps a score of men were employed in the cooking alone. There were casks of aguardiente and flagons of cheap Catalan wine, and these splendid, swarthy fellows made many picturesque groups among the laurels, palms, tamarands and mignonettes, which grow to the height of our own flowering locusts.

But to me the construction of the house itself, as it arose in the wilderness garden, under the lazy, "visiting" sort of efforts of the crowd, was fully as interesting. It was built of guabrahaca (axe-breaker) wooden posts interwoven with the long, straight and thin lings of llaya, until a complete and most dexterous net-work of side-walls was made. This woven work is perhaps eighteen inches in thickness, and as rapidly as it progressed upward a score or so of guajiros forced into the chinks and interstices a hard plaster made of clay, water and the tough espartillo grass; so that by the time the casa de vivienda was ready for its roof, as two or three days are consumed in a Cuban house-raising, the sides are dry and solid as a brick wall. This particular structure was about 40 feet square in the area, making a pretty comfortable home for a newly wedded pair. The roof went to a tremendous height at the ridge, and with its bellying arch of llaya-poles reaching out over the rude, wide porches, was thatched with the broad leaves of the palm de manaca, a small species of the palm, which serves for a perfect shelter for a period of seven years.

The quaint little village of San Francisco de Paula, between Havana and Guines, is one of the most winsome places to be found in Cuba. It is romantic in situation and prized for beautiful women and famous bread, both worth traveling a distance in any country to enjoy. The village nestles within a narrow gorge—the main street being formed by the calzada itself—and then truantly straggles on either side to a cock-pit on the one height and to a queer old church on the other. But down below, along the street and about the ways and paths between the houses, are bowers or roses, splashing fountains and pretty girls innumerable.

Sauntering about the lovely place, we climbed the mountain to inspect the old church, which, in this peculiar atmosphere, seemed to us from the valley below a tremendous structure looming against the steel-blue sky, but which on approaching dwindled to a little old pile of century-eaten stone with no windows, with but one door, and with a chime of bells no bigger than the bells our American cow rattle, half muffled in clover, at the flies in the meadows. But the climbing showed us where there were more entrancing studies than the quaintest of old churches.

Every home in this village nest was like a bit of old Doric Salem set in a frame of honeysuckle, jasmine and rose; and every pillared portico, wide and big as the house itself, was a scene for an artist and student of simple toil and glowing beauty. Here, too, was a delightful surprise in the pleasing discovery that the delicate beauty, the Cuban woman, could do something in the nature of work. These were the sweetest of Cubans and every one was as lazily busy as pretty. And what bright, engaging groupings they were as we passed, making our admiration as plain in our eyes and loiterings as they all showed us in their own eyes and blushes that they were glad that they pleased.

You must know that we were chivalrous caballeros, my companion, the don, and myself, and that no good women are indifferent to true interest and admiration in any country. So it was with no rudeness on our part nor alarm on theirs, that we soon found a group of some twenty senoritas and ninas, presided over by two or three pleasantly grave senoras picturesquely bestowed upon a great flower-embowered portico, singing dainty snatches of Spanish ballads bandying back and forth harmless jests, and full as the vines of blossoms of the alert aggressions and repulses of budding womanhood.

San Francisco de Paula's homes are all diminutive factories of the cool, light hat known in our country as the "palm leaf," the same being a leading article of export from Yucatan to the States, though it is said that Americans are only sent the inferior grades; and here these fair maids, in a setting of architecture, of quaint environment and blossome prettier than ever given us on the operatic stage, were making their dainty and deft fingers fly marvelously. The ninas, or little girls, split the leaf of the already bleached palma guana, or fan palm, with thin-bladed knives, each little one true and dexterous in her work, and rarely making a wrong stroke or destroying a slender strand.

We set the entire coterie in a flutter by contracting for the making of a hat for each one of us, the dicker being gravely conducted by the don with one of the discreet senoras; and no two men were ever put in pleasanter waiting than we during those two sunny Cuban hours. With the delicious hospitality of these Cubans everywhere we must needs be made as comfortable as royal guests; and, while the stately don was placed in a rocking chair near the fair girl whose nimble hands were already weaving the snow-white strands of his sombrero, without any ado I must accept a plaited grass hammock swung by the side of the entrancing senora whose dexterous fingers fluttered among the rustling palm strands with the rapidity of the swift coming and going of the blushes upon the perfect face.

The old senoras beamed; the young senoritas kept up an undertone of gay sallies, interspersed with gurgles of laughter; the little ninas giggled hysterically; a crowd of fat negroes looked on grinningly; the don rocked benignly to and fro in his capacious chair; I swung leisurely in my plaited hammock; and I pledge you that, looking lazily through our curling cigarette smoke, as the old senoritas smoked with us, I saw such romance and situations in the real scene and surroundings of this one Cuban portico as the comedy opera makers might utilize with exquisite pleasure and delight.

EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

ADDRESS TO THE IRISH.

Mass Meeting in Cooper Hall in Honor of Emmett's Birthday.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The Irish Nationalists of New York met this evening at Cooper Union to celebrate the 115th anniversary of the birth of Robert Emmett. The hall was crowded. During the evening Nationalist McLoughlin read an address from the Irish to their fellow countrymen in America. In part it was as follows:

"Irishmen—The time has come when it is imperative upon us to resume our work, stayed nine years ago, in order that the Irish Parliamentary party might have a free hand in what is termed 'constitutional agitation.' We aided in the building up of that party and made the Land League and the National League possibilities. The traitors to Parnell, who now constitute the Irish Parliamentary party, are, many of them, perjurers, as some of you are aware. And yet these men have the presumption to declare on behalf of the Irish people that Gladstone's Home Rule measure is a full and complete settlement of the Iresh question. Gladstone's Home Rule measure would carry our country back centuries and place it under the act passed at the direction of Sir Edward Poyning and know as 'Poyning's Act.' It was against this act, which placed the Irish Parliament under the control of the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council, that Grattan and the volunteers arose in 1792 and declared: 'We do consider the practise of suppressing our bills in the Council of Ireland and altering the same anywhere to be another Irish cause of discontent.' The volunteers assembled at the famous convention in Dungannon declared: 'That a claim of any body of men other than the King, Lords and Commons of Ireland to bind the kingdom, is unconstitutional, illegal and a grievance, that the powers exercised by the Privy Council of both kingdoms under color or pretence of the law of Poyning are unconstitutional and a grievance.' Shall we allow our country to be governed by a re enacted Poyning law, or shall we follow the teachings of a most illustrious martyr of Irish independence? The traitors and the perjurers ask you to be satisfied with what even Grattan, who was loyal to the Crown, destroyed. And Gladstone, remember, Irishmen, has declared against restoring to Ireland the constitution of 1792. Away with them, fellow-countrymen! Ireland can never be happy or prosperous until all connection between her and England has ceased and she has been established as a free and independent republic. We, therefore, ask you to organize and affiliate yourselves with us that when the appointed moment arrives we may be ready."

Dishonest Contractors Detected.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 4.—The special committee of the House to-day made a partial report of its investigation of alleged thefts by contractors who furnished coal, flour and provisions to the state asylum. The committee estimates that the state has been robbed of nearly $25,000 a year for three years past. A bill was introduced empowering the governor to expend $15,000 in making a complete investigation and in prosecuting the criminals.

Strongly Endorsed.

The advertising of Hood's Sarsaparilla appeals to the sober, common sense of thinking people, because it is true; and is always fully substantiated by endorsements which in the financial world would be accepted without a moment's hesitation. They tell the story—HOOD'S CURES.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, jaundice, biliousness, sick headache, constipation.

Gentlemen

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

A Boa for One Dollar.

Feather boas at Russell & McDonald's.

Tamilkande reminds you of the tea of thirty years ago.

Butcher knives at Fox's.

China and Japan straw mattings in good assortment at Weiler Bros. *

Special Montreal Advertisements.

STEEL RAILS (New & Best Seconds.)
CEMENT, WASTE, STEEL & IRON FILES, ETC. ETC.
WALTER TOWNSEND,
MONTREAL,
AGENT FOR BOLLING & LOWE, LONDON, ENG.

MOTHERS Ask for and see that you get
Dawson's Chocolate Creams,
25c. PER BOX at all Druggists **the Great Worm Remedy.**
Being in the Form of a
CHOCOLATE CREAM Children never refuse them.

PRODUCTS OF THE
GRANDE CHARTREUSE
Liquors of the Convent and Elixirs.
Gen'l Agency & Depot
Cie. Gen'le des Bazars.
Selling Agents,
C. A. Cheullion & Cie.
12 & 14 ST. JOHN ST.
Beware of imitations.

Joseph Rodgers & Sons Ltd.
TRADE MARK
CELEBRATED CUTLERY
AGENTS
JAS. HUTTON & Co. MONTREAL & TORONTO.

Republics of the South.

VALPARAISO, March 4.—Despatches from Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, say that General Isadore Fernandez, commander of the Government forces, denies the story that the federals have been victorious.

It has been discovered that the cartridges served to the Government troops in Corrientes contained coal dust instead of powder. The minister of war has instituted an enquiry.

A number of army officers are making a survey for a railway to be used for strategic purposes.

LIMA, Peru, March 4.—The Elias ministry resigned and President Bermudez has appointed a new one. In the new cabinet General Velertide will be president of the council, home secretary and minister of war and marine; Manuel A. Villavicancio, minister of foreign affairs; Cescero Chacalanta, minister of justice.

A CLEAN SWEEP!

LET THE GLAD TIDINGS FLY!

THE FOES ARE VANQUISHED!

A clean sweep of dangerous and deadly foes is always the result, when Paine's Celery Compound is used. The prevailing troubles of humanity, such as nervousness, sleeplessness, rheumatism, general weakness and liver and kidney diseases, are always quickly banished when this great life-saving agent is called upon to show its powers. Miss Laura Eller, of Shakespeare, Ont., writes for the benefit of suffering humanity. The following are extracts from her testimonial:

"I was in a weak and emaciated condition for five and a half years. I had pains to the top of my head, and my heart was so much affected that I could never lie down without three pillows at my back, and in a half-sitting posture. The last time I visited the doctor, he saw I was failing in spite of everything he did for me; he told me I might have Bright's disease in the second stage. After that I started to take Paine's Celery Compound as described, and I had not taken it over two days when I could sleep from night until morning, and in a few months time I was able to do some work. I am now stronger than I have been for years, and have only taken one dose of Compound a day for the last two months; I have taken several kinds of patent medicines, but find Paine's Celery Compound the best of all."

I certify that I am acquainted with the above party and know that what what she writes is reliable.

E. A. CAIRNCROSS, Merchant.

Formed a Suicide Club.

DENVER, Colo., March 4.—Seven young men employed in a local store have organized a suicide club. The membership is to be increased to thirteen, and on January 13th of each year the club will hold a dinner at which 18 balls, 12 white and one black, will be passed around. The member who gets the black ball must commit suicide within a year.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. ttsdw

New Prints! New Prints!

We are showing new designs that are so handsome and original that you can not fail to be well paid for the time and trouble expended in looking over such a complete and attractive line of spring novelties, and our prices are all that the closest buyer could desire. John Partridge, Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. *

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business of the late firm will be carried on by Messrs. H. F. Heisterman and G. W. Haynes, under the firm name of Heisterman & Co.

Dated at Victoria this 28th day of February, 1893.

H. F. HEISTERMAN.
GEO. W. HAYNES.
FOSTER MACGURN.
feb28-1m

Notice of Removal.

The office of the Spokane and Great Northern Mining Co. is removed to 104 Yates St.

WILLIAM BAINES,
Agent.
fe9-1m

A. MAXWELL MUIR,

ARCHITECT,
93½ Douglas Street.

STEAMBOATS.

THE Northern Pacific STEAMSHIP COMPANY

IN CONNECTION WITH

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC Railroad Company,

the Shortest Route to

Japan and China.

Proposed Sailing of Steamers:

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA

S. S. TACOMA, March 21st

And thereafter the permanent service of the Company's regular steamers.

For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,
Gen. Agts. Trounce Avenue, Victoria, or
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agt. N. P. R. R. Co., Victoria. se20

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

Royal Mail Steamship Line.

THE IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE TO CHINA AND JAPAN.

TABLE OF SAILING.
(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

STEAMSHIPS.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria.
mpress of China..	Feb. 15, 1893	Mar. 6, 1893
mpress of India...	Mar. 15, "	Apr. 3, "
mpress of Japan..	Apr. 12, "	Apr. 24, "
mpress of China..	May 3, "	May 15, "
mpress of India ..	May 24, "	June 5, "
mpress of Japan..	June 14, "	June 26, "
mpress of China..	July 5, "	July 17, "
mpress of India ..	July 26, "	Aug. 7, "
mpress of Japan	Aug. 16, "	Aug. 28, "
mpress of China..	Sept. 6, "	Sept. 18, "
mpress of India ..	Sept. 27, "	Oct 16, "
mpress of Japan..	Oct. 25, "	Nov. 13, "
mpress of China..	Nov. 22, "	Dec. 11, "

And about every month thereafter.

This New Steamship Route between the American Continent and Japan and China is 300 miles shorter than any other route, and as the contract for the carriage of the mails require a fast speed, the time hitherto taken to reach the Orient has been materially lessened.

TICKETS to and from all points on American, European and Asiatic Continents.

For full particulars apply to

ALLAN CAMERON, Agent,
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.
GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass. Agent,
Vancouver, B. C.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after August 23rd, 1892,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

(CALLING AT WAY PORTS)

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island.....Thursday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, March 15, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda.....FRIDAY, March 31st, 1893, 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the Eng lish mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.
no1

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 7 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Umatilla - - - - March 11

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 17,

Taking effect April 1, 1892

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 36 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the first and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLTON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 17.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, September 30th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

BOUND SOUTH. READ UP.

No. 1 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Wellington.
Ar. 12.30 P M	VICTORIA	Ar. 5.30 P M	75
" 12.20 "	RUSSELLS	" 5.24 "	74
" 12.10 "	ESQUIMALT	" 5.14 "	73
" 11.45 A M	GOLDSTREAM	" 4.50 "	68
" 11.10 "	SUMMIT SIDING	" 4.20 "	65
" 10.50 "	COBBLE HILL LAKE	" 4.01 "	61
" 10.37 "	MCPHERSON'S	" 3.44 "	59
" 10.17 "	KOKSILAH	" 3.30 "	56
" 10.12 "	DUNCAN'S	" 3.24 "	53
" 10.00 "	SOMENOS	" 3.14 "	50
" 9.30 "	CHEMAINUS	" 2.50 "	43
" 9.15 "	OYSTER BAY SIDING	" "	38
" 8.34 "	NANAIMO	" 2.14 "	19
" 8.10 "	WELLINGTON	Dp. 1.00 "	0

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

No. 2 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Victoria.
Dp. 8.00 A M	VICTORIA	Dp. 2.30 P M	1
" 8.04 "	RUSSELLS	" 2.34 "	2
" 8.14 "	ESQUIMALT	" 2.44 "	7
" 8.39 "	GOLDSTREAM	" 3.10 "	11
" 8.59 "	SUMMIT SIDING	" 3.40 "	14
" 9.24 "	COBBLE HILL LAKE	" 4.00 "	18
" 9.44 "	MCPHERSON'S	" 4.21 "	21
" 9.57 "	KOKSILAH	" 4.34 "	24
" 10.07 "	DUNCAN'S	" 4.44 "	27
" 10.19 "	SOMENOS	" 4.54 "	30
" 10.42 "	CHEMAINUS	" 5.20 "	37
" 11.00 "	OYSTER BAY SIDING	" 5.40 "	42
Ar. 11.50 "	NANAIMO	" "	61
Dp. 11.55 "	WELLINGTON	Ar. 6.20 "	72
Ar. 12.15 P M			

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.
oct1

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

AND

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coas

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

TEOS A. GRAHAM
Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 1113 Pacific Ave., Washington Block
E. P. ROGERS
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt. Tacoma, Wash.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

THE

Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."					TONNAGE 1117
8 00 am	Lv	Mi			Ar	5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	....Seattle....	82	Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria†...	M 1	Lv	8 30 pm

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make connections at Port Townsend for passengers from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

Whatcom Route.
S.S. CITY OF SEATTLE.

6 00 pm	Lv	Mi	..‡Tacoma...	132	Ar	4 30 pm
9 00 pm	Lv	28	....Seattle....	100	Lv	2 30 pm
12 15 am	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend.	65	Lv	11 30 am
2 45 am	Lv	101	..Anacortes..	21	Lv	9 15 am
7 45 am	Ar	123	..Fairhaven.	3	Lv	8 00 am
6 10 am	Ar	131	....Schome...	1	Lv	7 30 am
4 30 am	Ar	132	...Whatcom..	Mi	Lv	6 00 am

‡Close connections with Northern Pacific trains from Portland and San Francisco.

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make close connections at Tacoma wharf with trains to and from Portland, and with the east and west bound overland trains.

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	Mi			A	
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...*Seattle....	58	Ar	6 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	.Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10 pm
	Lv	45	.. Kingston...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	88	‡Pt. Townsend	M 1	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria B. C

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass'l Agent,
Washington, Portland Or
121 First

A DUFFERIN CO. MIRACLE.

ERNEST DUKE'S GREAT PERIL AND WONDERFUL ESCAPE.

How His Life Was Saved After His Condition had Been Declared Hopeless by Three Doctors—An Interesting Narrative Given to a Post Reporter by the Boy's Mother and Other Witnesses.

Duffe in Post, Orangeville.

The great Edmund Burke once exclaimed in a moment of sadness and despair that the age of chivalry was gone forever, and on every side of us we hear it remarked that the days of miracles are a part of the dim, superstitous and romantic past. We are not going to enter into a discussion on the merits of either statement. Much of the chivalry that we read of had a great deal of the wild and grotesque about it, while not a little that was attributed to miraculous agencies was the work of men of talent and genius wiser and greater than their generation, who had explored and comprehended the treasures of Mother Nature within whose bosom is said to be locked a panacea for every ill of fallen flesh. A newspaper's chief mission is to faithfully and attractively record interesting current events and to make such comments and suggestions as it deems advisable, and it is this role the Post is desiring to fill in this article. The neighboring township of Mono furnishes an instance of a marvellous cure, which in less enlightened times would undoubtedly have been credited to supernatural influences, and which has even in this stern and practical era created a genuine sensation. In a recent issue we gave the particulars of the restoration to physical strength and activity of George Hewitt, of Mono Mills, through the use of Dr. Wiliams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which are now household words on this continent. Many who read the article on Mr. Hewitt might be disposed to doubt, but the least credulous were silenced and convinced by the striking evidence of the patient himself, evidence whch was corroborated by several reliable persons who had an intimate knowledge of the facts. The fine banner township of Mono supplies equally striking and conclusivet estimony of Dr. Wiliams' Pills as an effectual remedy where the physician's skill and knowledge have been utterly baffled. Men may be disposed to be sceptical, and to fancy that much that is said in praise of these pills is mere hyperbole, but it is hard to confront the logic of facts and in this respect an enduring monument is fast being built in support of the merits and claims of this greatest medical preparation of the century. Mr. Wm. Duke, lot 1, concession 6, Mono, is one of the best known and respected pioneers of this section. A few weeks ago we heard that his little 12 year old boy had been snatched from the very jaws of death by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and we determined to fully investigate the reported cure. Mr. Duke resides about six miles from Orangeville, and is one of the most prosperous farmers of the banner township. When the representative of the Post called at his quiet and comfortable home, Mr. Duke was at a neighboring threshing, but the reporter was courteously received by Mrs. Duke. We enquired as to the condition of little Ernest, the boy who was reported to have been cured, and were somewhat nonplussed when told he was at school. From our information as to his state of health last spring, we did not expect to find him able to leave home and were not prepared for the news that he was once more strong enough to mix with the gabbling schoolboy throng. "Is Ernest the litte boy that was so sick last winter and spring?" was our next interrogative. "he is, indeed," replied Mrs. Duke, "and to tell you the truth we had at one time no hope that he would ever again be able to leave his bed."

"To what do you attribute the boy's recovery?" the reporter asked.

"Oh! to nothing but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills," was the ready and emphatic response of Mrs. Duke, who is a very intelligent lady, and who then gave the interviewer the following interesting and well-nigh incredible narrative: "Last winter Ernest had the grippe, and he never seemed to fully recover from the effects of it. In February last, some time after he had the grippe, he was so unwell that we took him to Dr. Bonar, of Mono Mills, who examined him, and said that what was troubling him was a decaying tooth, which required to be extracted. He pulled the tooth and said to take the boy home and he would be all right shortly. Instead of getting better, however, Ernest got far worse, and was soon confined entirely to his bed. He failed in strength and appetite, and was becoming more nervous every day. Sometimes he would get twitching and nervous fits, and shake so hard that he would frighten you. The shaking was so strong that the whole bed shook with him. We became alarmed and sent for a second doctor, who prescribed for the boy, and who gave it as his opinion that his recovery was impossible. At this time Ernest had lost the power of both legs and arms, and they had to be tied down to ease the sufferer by lessening the nervous agitation. The second physician called in attended the boy some time, but the case was becoming so bad, every day becoming more hopeless, that a third was sent for to consult. This last one said that there was no chance for poor Ernest, and that all the trouble seemed to be in the nerves. I need not tell you how grieved we felt over the prospect of losing our boy, and would have tried anything to save his life. We had been reading in the Post about the wonderful cures made by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and often thought of trying them, as we were told they would do no harm if they did not do any good. Nearly every week we read about miracles wrought by the Pills, and one day we determined to ask the doctor if we might try them. 'Well,' said he, 'the boy can't get better, and the Pills are not likely to hasten his end.' Shortly after we bought a box of the Pills. This was in May last. Little Ernest had not been taking them two weeks when we noticed a wonderful change. We quit the doctors' medicine altogether and kept using the Pills only. The boy improved so rapidly that in a short time he was able to be out of bed. One can hardly believe a story like this, but every word of it is true. I tell you there is a wonderful change in our boy, and we ought to be thankful to the Pink Pills. Ernest is growing stout and strong, ad this is his first day at school. The doctor said he would be dead before the last Toronto exhibition, but my little fellow was so well then that he was able to be around, and even went with his father to the exhibition. We have been buying the Pills from Mr. Stevenson, one of the Orangeville druggists, and Ernest is still using them, although not so ften as at first. It would not be much out of your way to call at the school, and there you will find Ernest, who will be able to speak for himself."

Just as Mrs. Duke was concluding her interesting narrative the teacher of the school, Mr. Thomas E. Langford, who boards at Mr. Duke's, entered the house. It was the dinner hour, and the reporter expected that Ernest would turn up, and save him a visit to the school. He was informed, however, that the boy had taken his lunch with him in the morning and would spend the diner hour at play. Mr. Langford accompanied the reporter to the road and on the way the teacher said that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills could not be too widely known. "I have been boarding all along at Mrs. Duke's," said he, "and I tell you little Ernest was in a bad state last spring. No one ever thought he would get better, and it seems so strange that he was cured by such a simple remedy. Why, three doctors pronounced his case hopeless, and yet he is at school to-day! He is a bright little boy, and the Pink Pills saved his life."

The reporter was full of thought as he hastened to the school to interview the little fellow who may be said to have heard the summons of death, and to have been saved from an early grave by Dr. Williams' wonderful Pink Pills, which the teacher had truly described as as a simple remedy. When we reached the school several children were playing in the yard, and in answer to one call for Ernest Duke a bright little boy started out from the romping throng. We asked him if he was the boy who had been so sick, and he answered with a mild and clear "yes." "Are you well now?" "Oh, yes, I'm as well as ever again." "What cured you?" "Pink Pills!" was the ready and smiling response. The little fellow did certainly appear to be in the full enjoyment of health, and no one who did not know the facts would think that he had so recently been in such a feeble and precarious condition as to be despaired of by three local physicians of standing and experience. We shook hands with the boy and started for Orangeville, fully convinced that there was a good deal in the stories we had been reading of the miracles wrought through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

The reporter also interviewed several of Mr. Duke's neighbors, and found them all of one opinion. This was that his son would now be sleeping in the silent churchyard had it not been for the timely use of Pink Pills. He also learned that many others were using the Pills with gratifying results, while many more had made up their minds since the miraculous saving of young Duke's life to try the great remedy for lesser ailments with which they were troubled. We had anticipated that our mission would be dissappointing in some respects, never expecting to have the strange story which we had heard of Ernest Duke's recovery so fully substantiated, but here we were returning to Orangeville with everything that was flying rumor before conclusive established upon investigation.

On arriving at Orangeville we determined to interview the local druggists as to the popularity of the remedy that is working such wonders and causing such genuine sensations in many parts of the country. Mr. Thomas Stevenson was the first druggist interviewed. "Do you sell many of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills?" we asked of Mr. Stevenson. "I should think we did," was his prompt reply. There is no remedy in my store for whch there s such a demand, and while the number we sell is very large, the sale is certainly increasing." "How do you account for this large sale?" we asked. "I believe it due entirely to the merits of the preparation. Those who use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills report the best results. The remedy is certainly a wonderful one."

When Mr. A. Turner was questioned he said the sale of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills was a surprise to himself. In his experience as a druggist no remedy had made such a reputation or produced such wonderful results. Scarcely a day passed that he did not hear of parties who were benefited by the use of Pink Pills.

Mr. J. R. Dodds was equally enthusiastic. "If you call Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a patent medicine," said he, "they are the most popular and best selling patent medicine in my store. The sale is undoubtedly on the increase, and I can say that scores who have bought from me are loud in their praises of what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for them. They are certainly a great remedy, and my experience is that they effect all that is claimed for them."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a perfect blood builder and nerve restorer, curing such diseases as rheumatism, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus' dance, nervous headache, nervous prostration and the tired feeling therefrom, the after effects of la grippe, diseases depending on humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. Pink Pills give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexions, and are a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, and in the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, over-work, or excesses of any nature.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., and Schenetady, N.Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cts. a box or six boxes for $2.50. Bear in mind that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred, and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form is trying to defraud you and should be avoided. The public are also cautioned against all other so-called blood builders and nerve tonics, no matter what name may be given them. They are all imitations whose makers hope to reap a pecuniary advantage from the wonderful reputation achieved to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Ask your dealer for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and refuse all imitations and substitutes.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills may be had of all druggists or directly by mail from Dr. Williams' Medical Company from either address. The price at which these pills are sold make a course of treatment comparatively inexpensive as compared with other remedies or medical treatment.

Kaiulani's Greeting.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The Commercial Advertiser says: In greeting Princess Kaiulani there must be no mingling of sentiment and business. The irresistible fact in the whole controversy is that the native dominion is wholly impracticable. The Kanakas tried it a century ago and failed. To put the Princess Kaiulani on the throne will sooner or later be followed by a fresh collapse, when all this negotiating must be repeated. Cleveland's friends assume great responsibility for delaying the final step. Should England, which has been ominously quiet, eventually come into possession of Hawaii, the American people would never quite forgive the incoming administration, with which the destiny of the Pacific kingdom now rests.

Hood's Sarsaparilla positively cures even when all others fail. It has a record of successes unequalled by any other medicine.

Fort Sheppard

The City of Kootenay Land and Improvement Company, Limited, will open an office at 26 Fort street, in the Five Sisters block, on the 1st of March, next, when a limited number of lots in the town of Fort Sheppard will be offered for sale.

Tamilkande Tea is the best.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. City of Kingston from the Sound—P C Schermerhorn, J R Bower, EG Prior & Co, Weller Bros, S Johnson & Co, Crescent Pharmacy Co, George W Beebe, William Baines, Allice & A, J H Todd & Son, Hughitt McI, C G Cunningham, Gowan & W, H Proctor, T R Morris, Moore & Co.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver.—Weller Bros, T B Pearson, Order C P N Co, C Strouss, Lenz & Leiser, Burgess & McM, Langley & Co, J Pierce, Gilmore & McC, J A F Caton, G A McDermott, S H E Co, J Hutcheson & Co, T Haughton, R P Rithet, Simon Leiser, C Strouss, B Williams, Merchants Bank, Miss E H Wadsworth, D Spencer, Wm Batchelor, Stevens & Jenkins, Mrs Hewartson, M & L Young, H Saunders, H Bay Co, T Earle, Phillips Bros, J W Mellor, J Sehl, W Wilson, H Bluth, T Shotbolt, B Gordon, F Frank, W J Wilson, D Campbell, R Roberts, E B Marvin, T Morris, A Holmes & Co, R Daniels, J Johnston, Marvin & G, A B Erskine, J Maynard, J Barnsley, E G Prior, M & H A Fox, Ledingham Bros, Shore & Anderson, J Partridge, J Frank, R Maynard, J H Brownlee, M R Smith, B Williams, Dom Exp Co.

The Chemist and the Explorer.

When Stanley returned from his last expedition to Africa he told the world that he had found an inexhaustible supply of rubber trees in the interior of that dark continent. This at the time was intensely interesting, but it has lost very much of its interest since Rigby, the chemist, has made it possible for us to have tweeds, worsteds and any of the various wool materials from which our clothing is made, rendered perfectly waterproof, without changing either their appearance or the porus nature of the cloth in the slightest degree. Ladies or gentlemen may now have an outer garment made from material to their taste, which will keep out the rain without their experiencing any of the discomforts produced by a rubber coat.

Drink Tamilkande Tea.

PRIZE REBUS

A PRIZE FOR EVERY CORRECT ANSWER

Little Bo-Peep has lost her sheep and can't tell where to find it.

The publishers of OUR YOUNG PEOPLE will give **$150 in Gold** to the first person who can find the sheep in the above rebus. **$50 in Cash** to the second, **$25 in cash** to the third, a **Gold Watch** (finest movement) to the fourth, a fine **Coin Silver Watch** to the next three, a pair of handsome **Pearl Opera Glasses** to the next, a handsome **Gold Scarf Pin** to the next two.

To the last correct answer received will be given a fine **Gold Watch.** To the next three correct answers from the last will be given each a handsome **Gold Brooch** with winner's name engraved on them; and for every other correct answer a handsome prize will be given.

CONDITIONS:—Each Contestant is to cut out the Reubs, make a cross with pencil or ink on the sheep, and send same to us with thirty-five cents in stamps (or thirty-five cents in silver) for one year's subscription to OUR YOUNG PEOPLE, one of the best monthlies for the money published in Canada. It is a large, popular 16-page journal, handsomely illustrated. We make this great offer expressly to gain new subscribers to OUR YOUNG PEOPLE.

Every prize given away advertises our splendid journal. We can afford to spend the money to do it. Remember that for 35 cents you get this excellent paper one year, and a handsome prize also, and if you are among the first you are sure of one of the big prizes. We guarantee satisfaction, and do just as we advertise.

We give below the names and addresses of the leading prize-winners in our last competition:

Mr. P. Coots, 107 Peter St., Toronto, $100 in cash; May Applegath, 20 James st. N., Hamilton, Ont., Gold Watch; Ada Kinnear, 196 Portland St., Toronto, Silver Watch; Chas. Atchison, 21 Maria St., Ottawa, Ont., Five o'clock Tea Set; Miss M. Ross, 300 Nepean St., Ottawa, Ont, Music Box; Adele Veina, 54 Champlain St., Quebec, Que., Simplex Typewriter; Thos. Lloyd, 316 Thames St., London, Ont., Gold Ring; Miss H. Tofsh, 861 St. Denis St., Montreal, Que., Gold Ring; W. Boileau, box 340, Fredericton, N. B., $5 in Gold; Olive Elmslie, care of J. Elmslie, Lachine Locks, Que., $5 in Gold; Mrs. Wm. Bauden, 925 Dorchester St., Montreal, Que., Gold Brooch; Archie Hill, Y.M.C. A. Rooms, St. Thomas, Ont., Gold Brooch; Gerald E. Bullock, Coaticook, Que., Gold Brooch; Leo Egan, 223 Smith St., Winnipeg, Man., Gold Brooch; Mrs. Capt. Marshall, Albert St., Kingston, Ont., Gold Brooch; Edith Moyer, box 55, Berlin, Ont., Gold Brooch; Minnie Nicholson, Pinnacle St., Belleville, Ont., Gold Brooch; M. McCowan, 55 Coursol St., Montreal, Que., Gold Brooch; Mrs. M. R. Burlingham, box 303 Picton, Ont., Gold Brooch; Ed. Davidson, care of Jno. Stokes, Canmore, N.W.T., Gold Brooch. And the following 20 names have each been awarded a beautiful Souvenir Spoon: Laura Campbell, 330 King St. W., Toronto; Minnie Hayward, box 135, Ingersoll, Ont.; Lilly Strang, Goderich, Ont.; Mrs. W. Smith, 8 College St., Port Hope, Ont.; Maggie Spiers, 60 Murray St., Brampton, Ont.; Lizzie A. Joy, Petrolia, Ont.; H. E. Groves, Arnprior, Ont.; Lillie Coulson, box 525, Guelph, Ont.; Florence Hoople, Leamington, Ont.; Duncan McAlpine, Alvinston, Ont.; E. W. McQuay, Owen Sound, Ont.; Alice M Froutt, Bowmanville, Ont.; Bert Archer, Hawkesville, Ont.; Geo. Whitcombe, box 401, Woodstock, Ont.; Mrs. Thos. Lynn, box 109, Orangeville, Ont.; J. F. Mason, Woodbridge, Ont.; Ethel Westcott, box 231, Dresden, Ont.; Thomas Semple, Tiverton, Ont.; James Edwards, Concession St., Galt, Ont.; Hattie Ringrose, Whittington, Ont. One hundred other special prizes were given away. For want of space we are unable to give the names. Answer to-day, and enclose thirty-five cents, and you may win one of the leading prizes. Address,

(F) OUR YOUNG PEOPLE,
King Street West,
Toronto, Can.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION!

Salvage from Schooner J. C. Ford.

Wednesday, 8th March, at 2 p. m.

On account of whom it may concern:

I have been instructed to sell at the Outer Wharf, Victoria, all the property salvaged from above schooner, viz., 6 sails, running gear, blocks, 3 hawsers (4, 6 and 7 inch) and sundry other articles.

GEO. BYRNES,
Auctioneer.

fe27

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL

(Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal i world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the lagest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

Victoria's Leading Merchants

TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MIL.
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

The Conservatory of Music.
MISS L. ADAMS, PRINCIPAL.
97 Quadra street,
Competent and Experienced Staff of Teachers
SINGING, HARMONY, PIANO, ORGAN VIOLIN, MANDOLIN & GUITAR.
Applications to be made to the Principal.

CHAS. E. REDFERN
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER
Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
NO. 13 GOVERNMENT STREET.

FINE COMMERCIAL PRINTING
At moderate charges, at
Colonist's Printing Office
Telephone 192.
38 FORT STREET.

MUNROE MILLER,
Printer and Binder.
77 Johnson Street.

Are You In It?
The best investment a business man can make is a judicious expenditure in newspaper advertising. It is better than real estate. If only a small ad. is wanted try a card in this column.

New England Bakery.
116 AND 118 GOVERNMENT ST.
The New New England Bakery and Restaurant is
Now Open Day and Night
AT THE OLD STAND.
THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
The Finest in the City. Meals at all hours. Telephone Call 161.
YOUNG BROS.

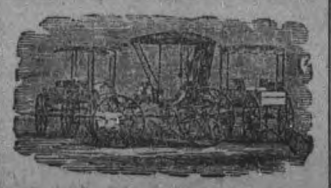
Do You Write for the Papers?
If you do, you should have THE LADDER OF JOURNALISM, a Text-Book for Correspondents, Reporters, Editors and General Writers.
PRICE, 50 CENTS.
SENT ON RECEIPT OF PRICE, BY
ALLAN FORMAN,
117 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.
State where you saw this and you will receive a handsome lithograph for framing.

FARM FOR SALE.
A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY,
m25-tf 52 Third street Victoria

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.
Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
A. HYAMS - - Manager

GOING TO
Jewelers or so-called Opticians for Glasses is equivalent to going to a blacksmith for Jewelry. If your vision is defective consult the
ONLY OPTICIANS
F. W. Nolte & Co.
(Successors to Hyams)
27 FORT STREET

JOHN MESTON



CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets
VICTORIA, B. C.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
Government street Victoria.

Rags Wanted.
Three cents a pound will be paid for clean cotton rags at this office. fe28tf

LEGAL NOTICES.

WARNING.

Notice is hereby given that all parties are warned against trespassing or purchasing any part of the lands comprised in the following pre-emption records on Campbell River or Duncan's Bay, about the so-called town of Duluth, as all the following parties, or persons purchasing therefrom, are trespassers. We are informed that some of these persons have had a portion of the land surveyed as townsite and are endeavoring to impose the lots on the public.

Name.	No. of P. R.	Date.	Acreage.
F. Nurms	222	4th Septemb'r, 1889	160
M. Phipps	176	17th Decemb'r, 1889	160
A. J. Galergno	514	7th October, 1891	160
Brown & Crawford	558	7th December, 1891	320
John McKenzie	587	4th January, 1892	160
Campbell & Smith	603	20th February, 1892	320
J. M. Leigh	600	6th June, 1892	160

THE MACLAREN ROSS LUMBER COMPANY, Limited.
mar3 tf d&w

TAKE NOTICE that we, William Gordon Stevenson and John Boyd Jones, shall apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held in and for the City of Victoria, on Wednesday, the 8th day of March, 1893, for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by us at the premises known as the Pritchard House, situate on the north-east corner of Government and Yates Streets, in the City of Victoria, upon portion of Victoria City Lot No. 162, to John Boyd Jones, of Yates Street, in the City of Victoria, for the sale of malt and spirituous liquors by retail at the said premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Dated the 4th day of February, 1893.

WILLIAM GORDON STEVENSON,
JOHN BOYD JONES.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for the transfer to Robert Dudgeon and Harry Brice, of the license now held by us for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate upon Yates Street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated the 31st day of January, 1893.

W. J. HAMBLY,
ja31-1m F. W. GILBERT.

To the Board of Licensing Commissioners:

I, the undersigned Frederick James Dawley, of the City of Victoria, hereby give notice that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for a license to sell wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors by retail, in a certain building used or intended to be used for an hotel, and containing upwards of thirty rooms, and which said building is known as "The Osborne House," and is situate and built on Lot 149 in the City of Victoria, at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard Streets, in the said city of Victoria.

Dated this 6th day of February, 1893.

fd FREDERIC JAMES DAWLEY.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned intends to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held on Wednesday, the 8th day of March next for a license to sell wines spirits, and other liquors in the hotel premises situate on Lot 129, Block B, Store street, Victoria, and known as the "Janion Hotel," which hotel contains fifty rooms.

JOHN TURNER.

Victoria, B. C., January 31st, 1893.
ja31

Tax Collector Wanted.

The Corporation of the City of Victoria invite tenders from persons to collect the Revenue Tax, Road Tax and Dog Tax, by commission, for the year 1893, subject to the regulations of the Treasurer's Department.

Collections to be paid daily to the Treasurer.

The successful applicant will be required to furnish bonds in the sum of $5,000 by some guarantee society to be approved of by the City Treasurer.

Each person tendering must name the society providing security and the rate of commission to be charged.

The tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before Wednesday, the 8th day of March, instant, at 4 p.m.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, March 3rd, 1893.

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

Paid up Capital, $250,000. Reserve, $80,000.

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

ja19-1m

The Stanley House

GENERAL DRY GOODS.
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.
COR. OF FORT ST.

We are now enlarging our Millinery and Cloak Show Rooms to make room for the well assorted Stock bought by Mr. Hampson while in Europe, and now daily expected.

We shall soon be in a position to show the **Very Newest Goods in each Department. Wait for the Grand Opening which will shortly be announced.**

Note address:

THE STANLEY HOUSE
GENERAL DRY GOODS,
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.
COR. OF FORT ST.

W. S. Hampson & Co.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Property at Moderate Rates of Interest.

STRAIGHT LOANS FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

—APPLY TO THE—

North British Canadian Investment Co.
LIMITED.
ARTHUR ROBERTSON,
o8 Agent, 6 Bastion Square, Victoria.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR,

Largest Stock of New Goods and at very Low Prices.

Fresh Importations by Every Steamer.

T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C

SHAKE

The cry of dull business and apply the remedy of cheerfulness. Business is picking up splendidly throughout the Province. Don't scare it away by grumbling. Get your Spring Circulars from the

VICTORIA PRINTING COMPANY. Telephone 450. 47½ Government St

Argyle House.

NEW GOODS

2 Bales Flanelette.
2 Bales Ginghams.

Flanelette, 12 yards for $1.00
Ginghams, 10 yards for $1.00
White Calico, 36 inches wide, 12 yards for $1.00.
Brown Holland, 10 yards for $1.00
White Satin Stripe Muslin, 12 yards for $1.00.
Unbleached Sheeting, 2 yards wide, 5 yards for $1.00.
White Sheeting, 2 yards wide, 25c. a yard.
Lace Curtains, 50c. a pair.
White Quilts, 85c. each.

J. Horner & Co.

The Best

Place in the City to purchase your Boots and Shoes is at the Store of

A. B. Erskine,

Cor. Government and Johnson Sts.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND.

[Continued from page 1]

of finance and trade. At the same time in our efforts to adjust differences we should be free from intolerance or passion, and our judgment should be unmoved by alluring phrases and unvexed by selfish interests. I am confident that such an approach to the subject will result in prudent and effective remedial legislation. In the meantime, so far as the executive branch of the Government can intervene, none of the powers with which it is invested will be withheld when their exercise is deemed necessary to maintain our national credit or avert financial disaster.

Closely related to exaggerated confidence in the country's greatness, which tends to the disregard of the rules of national safety, another danger confronts us, not less serious. I refer to the prevalence of a popular disposition to expect from corporations or the governments special and direct individual advantages. The verdict of our voters, which condemned the injustice of maintaining protection for protection's sake, enjoins upon the people's servants the duty of exposing and destroying the brood of kindred evils which are the wholesome progeny of paternalism. This is the bane of republican institutions, and the constant peril of our government by the people. It degrades to the purpose of wily craft the plan of rule our fathers established and bequeathed to us as an object of love and veneration. It perverts the patriotic sentiment of our countrymen, and tempts them to a pitiful calculation of the gain to be derived from their government's maintenance. It undermines the self-reliance of our people and substitutes in its place dependency on governmental favorites. It defiles the true spirit of Americanism and stultifies every ennobling trait of American citizenship. The lessons of paternalism ought to be unlearned, and the better lesson taught that while the people should patriotically and cheerfully support their government, its functions do not include the support of the people. The appliance of the principle leads to a refusal of bounties and subsidies which burden the labor and thrift of a portion of our citizens to aid ill-advised or languishing enterprises in which they have no concern. It leads also to a challenge of the wild and reckless pension expenditure which overleaps the bounds of grateful recognition of patriotic services, and prostitutes to vicious uses the people's prompt and generous impulse to aid those disabled in their country's defence.

Every thoughtful American must realize the importance of checking at its beginning a tendency in public or private station to regard frugality and economy as virtues which we may safely outgrow. The toleration of this idea results in the waste of the people's money by their chosen servants and encourages prodigality and extravagance in the home life of our countrymen. Under our scheme of government the waste of public money is a crime against the citizen, and the contempt of our people for economy and frugality in their personal affairs deplorably saps the sturdiness of our national character. It is the plain dictate of honesty and good government that public expenditures should be limited by the public necessity, and should be measured by the rules of strict economy; and it is fully as clear that frugality among the people is the best guaranty of a contented and strong support of free institutions. One mode of misappropriation of funds is avoided when appointments to offices, instead of being the rewards of partisan activity, are awarded to those whose efficiency promises a fair return of work for the compensation paid them to secure the fitness and competency of appointees to office and to remove from political action the demoralizing madness for spoils. Civil service reform has found a place in our public policy and laws. The benefits already gained through this instrumentality, and the further usefulness it promises, entitle it to the hearty support and encouragement of all who desire to see our public service well performed, or who hope for the elevation of political sentiment and the purification of political methods.

The existence of an immense aggregation of kindred enterprises and combinations of business interests formed for the purpose of limiting production and fixing prices is inconsistent with the fair field which ought to be open to every independent activity. Legitimate strife in business should not be supported by an enforced concession to the demands of combinations that have the power to destroy, nor should the people lose the benefits of the cheapness which usually results from wholesome competition. These aggravations and combinations are frequently conspiracies against the interests of the people, and in all their phases they are unnatural and opposed to our American sense of fairness. To the extent that they can be reached and restrained by federal power, the general government should relieve our citizens from their interference and exactions.

Loyalty to the principles upon which our government rests positively demands that the equality before the law which guarantees to every citizen should be justly and in good faith conceded in all parts of the land. The enjoyment of this right follows the badge of citizenship wherever found, and, unimpaired by race or color, it appeals for recognition to American manliness and fairness.

Our relations with the Indians located within our borders impose upon us responsibilities we cannot escape. Humanity and consistency require us to treat them with forbearance; and in our dealings with them, with honesty and considerate regard for their rights and interests, every effort should be made to lead them through the paths of civilization to self-supporting and independent citizenship. In the meantime, as the nation's wards, they should be promptly defended and sheltered from any influence that regards their advancement.

The people of the United States have decided that on this day the control of their government in its legislative and executive branches shall be given to a political party pledged in the most positive terms to the accomplishment of tariff reform. They have thus determined in favor of a more just and equitable system of federal taxation. The gentlemen they have chosen to carry out these purposes are bound by their promises, not less than by the command of their masters, to devote themselves unremittingly to this course. While there should be no surrender of principle, our task must be undertaken wisely and without vindictiveness. Our mission is not punishment but the rectification of wrongs. In lifting burdens from the daily life of our people, we reduce inordinate and unequal advantages too long enjoyed. This is but an ordinary incident of our return to right and justice. If we exact from unwilling minds acquiescence in the theory of an honest distribution of governmental benificence treasured up for all, we but insist upon a principle which underlies our free institutions; when we tear aside the delusions and misconceptions which have blinded our countrymen to their condition under vicious tariff laws, we but show them how far they have been led astray from the paths of contentment and prosperity when we proclaim that the necessity of revenue to support the government furnishes the only justification for taxing the people, we announce a truth so plain that its denial would seem to indicate the extent to which judgment may be influenced by familiarity with perversion of the taxing power; and when we seek to reinstate the confidence and business enterprise of our citizens by discrediting an abject dependence upon governmental favor, we strive to stimulate those elements of American character which support the hope of American achievements. Anxiety for the redemption of the pledges which my party has made, and solicitude for the complete justification of the trust, the hope they have reposed in us, constrain me to remind those with whom I am to co-operate that we can succeed in doing the work which has been specially set before us only by the most sincere, harmonious and disinterested efforts. Even if insuperable obstruction and opposition prevent the consummation of our task, we shall hardly be excused; and if failure can be traced to our fault, or neglect, we may be sure the people will hold us to a swift and exacting account.

The oath I take to preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States not only impressively defines the great responsibility I assume, but suggests obedience to constitutional command as the rule by which my official conduct must be guided. I shall, to the best of my ability and within my sphere of duty, preserve the constitution by loyally protecting every grant of federal power it contains, by defending all its restraints when attacked by impotence and restlessness, and by enforcing its limitations and reservations in favor of the states and the people. Feeling impressed with the gravity of the duties that confront me, and mindful of my weakness, I should be appalled if it were my lot to bear unaided the responsibility which awaits me. I am, however, saved from discouragement when I remember that I shall have the support and the counsel and co-operation of wise and patriotic men, who will stand at my side in cabinet places, or will represen the people in their legislative halls. I find also much comfort in remembering that my countrymen are just and generous, and in the assurance that they will not condemn those who by sincere devotion to their service deserve their forbearance and approval. Above all I know there is a Supreme Being who rules the affairs of men, and whose goodness and mercy have always followed the American people; and I know He will not turn from us now if we humbly and reverently seek His powerful aid.

DIED.

SMITH—At the family residence, 187 Fort street, March 3rd, Seymour Frederic, third son of the late John Smith, of Victoria, B.C.

The funeral will take place on Sunday, at 2 p.m., from the residence of his mother, 187 Fort St., and from St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church at 2.30 p.m. Friends will please accept this intimation.

CABINET PHOTOS $3 PER DOZ.

CUT IN HALF

Our price for Cabinet Photos was Six Dollars, now it is THREE DOLLARS.

This will hold for ONE MONTH.

Note the address:

SKENE LOWE, Photographer,
63 Government Street,
fe25-1m (Successor to Hall & Lowe.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Lady partner with $75.00 cash. Large profit. New invention. Apply Thursday 2 o'clock, at 234 Fort St. mar4-2t

SEWING—By the day. Ladies' or children's suits. Apply 139 Douglas St. mar4-4t

TO LET—A large well furnished front room; 144 Menzies Street. mar4-3t

The Ladies of the Reformed Episcopal Church will hold a

Conversazione

In the School Room corner of McClure and Humboldt Streets, on

WEDNESDAY, March 8

At 8 o'clock p. m.

A splendid programme is prepared. Admission, 25c. Refreshments. mar4 4t

YOU CAN'T DO WITHOUT SOAP! WHY NOT GET THE BEST?

SUNLIGHT

Has no Equal for Purity and Excellence; no Equal as a Labor-Saver; no Equal as a Killer of Dirt and Grease; no Equal as a Preserver of the Hands and Clothes; no Equal as a Household Comfort.

These are some of the reasons why "SUNLIGHT" Soap has the largest sale in the world, and has been awarded 7 Gold Medals.

Agents for British Columbia, BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING, Victoria, B.C

BEST

Northfield Coal.

Everyone can get the Best Coal in quantity AT PORTER'S WHARF. Apply to Capt. E. McCoskrie, or Jasper P. Birch, agent on the wharf, Telephone 46.

PRICE---**$7 per Ton,** delivered to any part of the City. Full weight guaranteed.

Orders left at Capt. Clark's, Telephone No. 110; or at J. Haggarty's, 204 Yates Street.

DULUTH

THE DIVISIONAL TERMINUS OF THE CANADA WESTERN RAILWAY, AT DUNCAN'S BAY, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

Duluth has been officially announced to be the Terminus as above.
The first call of $100,000 on the Railway Stock has been fully paid up
The Lots owned by the Railway Company in Duluth are not for sale.

PRICES OF LOTS range from $75 to $750.

TERMS---One-third Cash, one-third in six months, one-third in twelve months
Interest on deferred payments.

For particulars apply to

F. C. RICHARDS, Jr., No. 51 Yates St.

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, VICTORIA, B. C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use.
A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

"The pitcher that oftenest goes to the well
Is sure to get broken at last;"
But a **Fibre Ware** pail will do equally well,
And the chances of breaking are past.

The E. B. EDDY COMPANY'S

INDURATED FIBRE WARE,

Like their MATCHES, WOODENWARE, PAPERS AND WASHBOARDS,

Positively Cannot Be Beaten.

Victoria Agent, JAMES MITCHELL, 100 Government St.

MAMMOTH WORKS, HULL, CANADA.